Worth School District 127 Worth, IL

Annual Financial Report

Year Ended June 30, 2022



Year Ended June 30, 2022

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Independent Auditor's Report

Board of Education Worth School District 127 Worth, IL

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying modified cash basis financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Worth School District 127 (the "District"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective modified cash basis financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Worth School District 127 as of June 30, 2022, and respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with the modified cash basis of accounting as described in Note 1.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States of America. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of Worth School District 127 and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our unmodified opinions.

Emphasis of Matter

We draw attention to Note 1 of the financial statements, which describes the basis of accounting. The financial statements are prepared on the modified cash basis of accounting, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with the modified cash basis of accounting described in Note 1, and for determining that the modified cash basis of accounting is an acceptable basis for the preparation of the financial statements in the circumstances. Management is also responsible for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements that are free from material misstatements, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Worth School District 127's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Worth School District 127's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control–related matters that we identified during the audit.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The management's discussion and analysis and the supplementary information as listed in the table of contents, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Other Information

The combining and individual fund financial statements and schedule of assessed valuations, tax extensions and collections are the responsibility of management and were derived from and related directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual fund financial statements and schedule of assessed valuations, tax extensions and collections are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 13, 2022 on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Worth School District 127's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Wipfli, LLP

Aurora, Illinois December 13, 2022

Management's discussion and analysis of Worth School District 127's (the "District") financial performance provides an overall review of the District's financial activities as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022. Management of the District encourages readers to consider the information presented herein in conjunction with the basic financial statements to enhance their understanding of the District's financial performance. All amounts, unless otherwise indicated, are expressed in millions of dollars. Certain comparative information between the current year and the prior is presented in the Management's Discussion and Analysis (the "MD&A").

Financial Highlights

- In total, net position increased by \$7.1M. This represents a 22% increase from 2021.
- General revenues accounted for \$18.6M in revenue or 66% of all revenues. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services and fees and grants accounted for \$9.5M or 34% of total revenues of \$28.0M.
- The District had \$21.0M in expenses related to government activities. However, only \$9.5M of these expenses were offset by program specific charges and grants.
- The District continued to pay down its existing debt through retirements, resulting in a net decrease of \$0.6M to its long-term debt in fiscal 2022.

Overview of the Financial Statements

Management's discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements. The basic financial statements are comprised of three components:

- Government-wide financial statements
- Fund financial statements
- Notes to basic financial statements

This report also contains combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules and other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers of the District's Annual Financial Report a board overview of the financial activities in a manner similar to a private sector business.

The statement of net position - modified cash basis presents information on all District assets/deferred outflows of resources and liabilities/deferred inflows of resources arising from cash transactions, with the difference between them reported as net position. Over time, increases and decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating.

The statements of activities - modified cash basis presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the fiscal year being reported. All changes in net position are reported with cash is received and disbursed. Additionally, activity related to acquisition, depreciation and year end balances of capital assets, as well as year end balances and related changes in long-term debt in its government-wide financial statements are reported.

The modified cash basis of accounting is described in the notes to basic financial statements.

The government-wide financial statements present the functions of the District that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities). The District has no business-type activities; that is, functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges. The District's governmental activities include instructional services (regular education, special education and other), supporting services, operation and maintenance of facilities and transportation services.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the District are considered governmental funds.

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a school district's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The District maintains five individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, Transportation Fund, IMRF/Social Security Fund, Debt Service Fund, and Fire Prevention and Life Safety Fund.

The District adopts an annual budget for each governmental funds. Budgetary comparison schedules for the governmental funds are included in the combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules section of this report to demonstrate compliance with the adopted budget.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

The notes to the financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Other Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain information concerning the District's progress in funding its obligation to provide pension benefits to its non-certified employees.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The District's net position was higher on June 30, 2022, than it was the year before, increasing \$7.0M over the prior year.

Current assets decreased by \$0.7M, which is primarily in cash and investments. Capital assets increased \$7.2M compared to fiscal 2021.

Total liabilities decreased by \$0.6M after paying down long-term debt obligations.

The District's net position as of June 30, 2022 and 2021 is summarized as follows:

Table 1		
Condensed Statements of Net Position		
(in millions of dollars)		
	2022	2021
Assets:		
Current and other assets	\$ 17.2	\$ 17.9
Capital assets	23.8	16.6
Total assets	41.0	34.5
Liabilities:		
Current liabilities	0.7	0.7
Long-term liabilities	1.2	1.8
Total liabilities	1.9	2.5
Net position:		
Net investment in capital assets	21.9	15.6
Restricted	3.7	4.5
Unrestricted	13.5	11.9
Total net position	\$ 39.1	\$ 32.0

Government-wide Activities

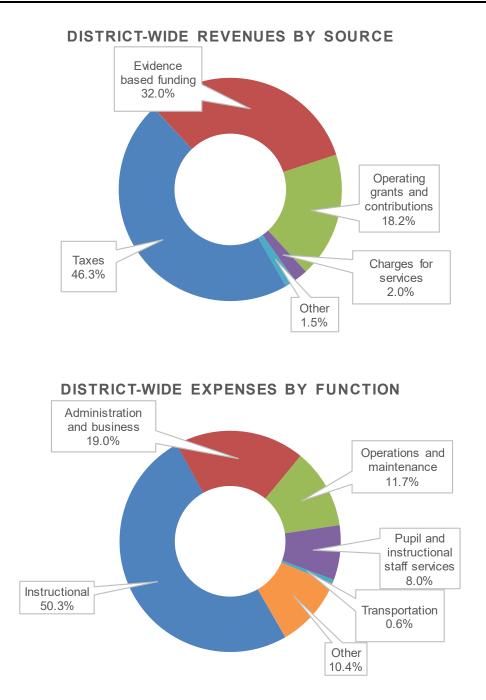
Revenues in the governmental activities of the District of \$28.1M were more than expenses by \$7.1M. This was attributable in part due to higher personal property replacement tax receipts and higher state aid funding.

The General Fund includes the recognized revenue and expenditures of \$3.8M in pension and other post-employment benefit contributions that the state of Illinois paid directly to the Teachers' Retirement System (TRS) and the Teachers' Health Insurance Security (THIS) on behalf of the District's TRS and THIS covered employees.

The major components of the District's revenues and expenses for the year ended June 30, 2022 and 2021 are as follows:

Table 2				
Changes in Net Position				
(in millions of dollars)				
	2	2022	2	021
Revenues:				
Program revenues:				
Charges for services	\$	0.5	\$	0.4
Operating grants and contributions		9.0		3.7
General revenues:				
Taxes		10.3		9.4
Evidence based funding		7.9		6.5
Other		0.4		0.3
Total revenues		28.1		20.3
Expenses:				
Instruction		12.6		8.2
Pupil and instructional staff services		1.4		1.3
Administration and business		3.2		3.1
Transportation		0.2		0.1
Operations and maintenance		1.9		1.9
Other		1.7		1.7
Total expenses		21.0		16.3
Changes in net position		7.1		4.0
Net position, beginning of year		32.0		27.9
Prior period adjustment		-		0.1
Net position, beginning of year as restated		32.0		28.0
Net position, end of year	\$	39.1	\$	32.0

Evidence based funding and taxes accounted for the largest portions of the District's revenues, contributing 36.7% and 28.1% of total revenues respectively. The remainder of revenues came from taxes and other sources. The total cost of all the District's programs was \$21.0M, mainly related to instructing and caring for the students.



Financial Analysis of the District's Funds

The District's Governmental Funds balance decreased from \$0.7M to \$17.2M.

Total revenues increased by 38% from \$20.3M to \$28.0M.

Overall expenditures increased by 45.4% from \$19.8M to \$28.7M.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The District's General Fund total revenues were above the budgeted amounts by \$3.9M for fiscal year 2022. \$3.8M represents the On-Behalf TRS contribution, which was not budgeted. The remaining budget variances consisted of \$0.1M property taxes above the budgeted amounts.

General Fund total expenditures were more than budgeted amounts by \$3.3M. The exclusion of the \$3.8M On-Behalf TRS contribution yields \$0.5M in less expenditures than budgeted.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

By the end of 2022, the District had compiled a total investment of \$33.2M (\$23.8M net of accumulated depreciation) in a broad range of capital assets including buildings, land and equipment. Total depreciation expense for the year was \$1.4M. More detailed information about capital assets can be found in Note 3 of the basic financial statements.

Table 3 Capital Assets (net of depreciation) (in millions of dollars)				
	2	2022	2	2021
Land Construction in progress Buildings Equipment	\$	0.1 3.7 19.5 0.5	\$	0.1 1.6 14.3 0.6
Total	\$	23.8	\$	16.6

Long-term Debt

The District retired \$0.7M in long-term debt in 2022. More detailed information on long-term debt can be found in Note 4 of the basic financial statements.

Table 4				
Outstanding Long-Term Debt				
(in millions of dollars)				
	2	022	2	021
General obligation bonds	\$	1.9	\$	2.5

Factors Bearing on the District's Future

- Funds allocated to the District recently from "Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief" (ESSER) Fund were significant dollars received in FY22 totaling over \$3 million. This came in several rounds, ESSER II, ESSER III and ESSER "Jump Start" Funding for Grades K-1. In addition, more ESSER Digital Equity funding, ESSER Homeless Aid and American Recovery Plan funds have been communicated to districts for FY23. For Worth 127, this means an additional \$146 thousand. The district must continue cautiously, as this is a one-time windfall and not a continuous new flow of funding.
- In January 2022, the Board of Education applied for a second opportunity for a "Property Tax Relief Grant" for the community taxpayer. The district was awarded the grant by the State of Illinois, thus abated back \$929,707 in property taxes to the community during fiscal years 2022 and 2023. The District received an additional \$889,869 in Evidence Based Funding for the grant relief, which will continue beyond the two years of the Property Tax Relief Grant. This directly affects Worth School District 127 and the amount of the money distributed by the state, as well as the way property taxes are levied in FY2022 and FY2023. These two revenue sources are the largest sources for the district and greatly affect the district's financial situation.
- Worth School District 127 Board of Education has heavily invested in maintaining school buildings over the past few years. In FY2020, Worthwoods was completely gutted and remodeled. In FY2021 and FY2022, Worth Elementary started a multi-year project including a building addition for a better and more accessible space for all students and staff. The majority of ESSER funds has been earmarked for this project. Worth Elementary project will be complete in Summer 2023. Also in FY2022, the Dr. Rosemary Lucas Administrative Center was renovated and updated. The investment in the maintenance and structure of our buildings should pay off long term for minimal future expenses in order for us to allocate funds to other areas of need.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide the District's citizens, taxpayers, and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report, or need additional financial information, contact the Business Office:

Worth School District 127 11218 S. Ridgeland Avenue Worth, IL 60482

Basic Financial Statements

Statement of Net Position -

Modified Cash Basis

June 30, 2022	Governmental Activities
Assets	
Cash and investments	\$ 17,216,526
Capital assets	
Land	110,334
Construction in progress	3,672,471
Other capital assets, net of depreciation	19,999,975
Total Assets	40,999,306
Liabilities	
Noncurrent liabilities	
Accrued expenses	8,349
Due within one year	700,000
Due in more than one year	1,209,475
Total Liabilities	1,917,824
Net position	
Investment in capital assets	21,873,305
Restricted for	
Student activities	68,649
Operations and maintenance	1,664,202
Tort immunity	239,798
Transportation	302,010
Retirement	473,083
Debt service	37,197
Fire prevention and safety	956,925
Unrestricted	13,466,313
Total net position	\$ <u>39,081,482</u>

Statement of Activities -

Modified Cash Basis

					Povenues	Rev Ch	(Expense) enue and anges in
				Program	Revenues Operating	ne	<u>t Position</u> Total
				Charges for	Grants and	Gov	ernmental
For the Year Ended June 30, 2022		Expenses		Services	Contributions		ctivities
Functions/Programs							
Governmental activities							
Instructional services							
Regular programs	\$	6,080,349	Ś	295,060	\$ 122,698	\$ (5,662,591)
Special programs		1,952,774	•	-	990,271		(962,503)
Other programs		732,524		-	,		(732,524)
State retirement contributions		3,783,049		-	3,783,049		-
Support services		-,,,-			-,,		
Pupils		777,218		-	-		(777,218)
Instructional staff		659,754		-	3,425,210		2,765,456
General administration		981,611		-	-,,		(981,611)
School administration		983,019		-	-		(983,019)
Business		1,216,626		-	577,491		(639,135)
Operations and maintenance		1,866,182		155,155			1,711,027)
Transportation		240,539			117,330	-	(123,209)
Cental		218,676		-			(218,676)
Other		1,380		-	-		(1,380)
Community service		1,060		-	-		(1,060)
Non-programmed charges		1,331,668		-	-	(1,331,668)
Interest and charges	-	158,304	-				<u>(158,304</u>)
Total governmental activities	\$ <u></u>	20,984,733	\$_	450,215	\$ <u>9,016,049</u>	(1	<u>1,518,469</u>)
General revenues							
Property taxes levied for							
General purposes							7,984,742
Specific purposes							1,382,301
Debt service							720,602
Personal property replacement taxes							224,645
State aid not restricted to specific purposes							7,886,737
Earnings on investments							258,533
Miscellaneous							102,348
Total general revenues						_1	<u>8,559,908</u>
Change in net position							7,041,439
Net position - beginning						3	2,040,043
Net position - ending						\$ <u>3</u>	<u>9,081,482</u>

Balance Sheet - Modified Cash Basis

Governmental Funds

June 30, 2022	General Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Assets			
Cash and investments	\$ <u>15,447,311</u>	\$ 1,769,215	\$ 17,216,526
Liabilities and fund balances Liabilities			
Accrued expenses	\$ <u>8,349</u>	\$	<u>\$ 8,349</u>
Total liabilities	8,349		8,349
Fund balances			
Restricted for Student activities	69 640		69 640
Operations and maintenance	68,649 1,664,202	-	68,649 1,664,202
Tort Immunity	239,798		239,798
Transportation	- 200,700	302,010	302,010
Retirement	-	473,083	473,083
Debt service	-	37,197	37,197
Capital projects	-	956,925	956,925
Unassigned	13,466,313		13,466,313
Total fund balances	15,438,962	1,769,215	17,208,177
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ <u>15,447,311</u>	\$ <u>1,769,215</u>	<u>\$ 17,216,526</u>

Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position- Modified Cash Basis

Total fund balances - governmental funds	\$	17,208,177
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. The costs of the assets is \$33,192,009 and the accumulated depreciation is \$9,409,229.		23,782,780
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds. These liabilities consist of:		
General obligation bonds	-	(1,909,475)
Net position of governmental activities	\$_	39,081,482

Statement of Revenues Received, Expenditures Disbursed and Changes in Fund Balances - Modified Cash Basis -Governmental Funds

Year Ended June 30, 2022	General Fund		Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues Received				
Property taxes	\$ 8,672,91	.9 \$	5 1,414,726	\$ 10,087,645
Other local sources	982,51	.7	53,224	1,035,741
State resources	11,756,70)1	167,330	11,924,031
Federal resources	4,978,75	5		4,978,755
Total revenues received	26,390,89	<u>)2</u>	1,635,280	28,026,172
Expenditures Disbursed				
Current operating				
Instruction	11,859,64		160,259	12,019,900
Support Services	6,150,61		440,316	6,590,927
Community services	1,332,72	8	-	1,332,728
Debt service				
Principal		-	276,136	276,136
Interest and other		-	424,264	424,264
Capital outlay	7,880,89	<u>97</u>	200,000	8,080,897
Total expenditures disbursed	27,223,87	<u>'7</u>	1,500,975	28,724,852
Excess (deficiency) of revenues received over (under)				
expenditures disbursed	(832,98	<u>85</u>)	134,305	(698,680)
Other financing sources (uses)				
Transfers in	1,219,50	0	-	1,219,500
Transfers out	(10,00	<u>)0</u>)	(1,209,500)	(1,219,500)
Total other financing sources (uses)	1,209,50	00	(1,209,500)	<u>-</u>
Net change in fund balance	376,51	.5	(1,075,195)	(698,680)
Fund balances at beginning of year	15,062,44	17	2,844,410	17,906,857
Fund balances at end of year	\$ <u>15,438,96</u>	<u>52</u> \$	1,769,215	<u>\$ </u>

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues Received, Expenditures Disbursed and Changes In Fund Balance of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities - Modified Cash Basis

Net change in fund balances - governmental funds		\$ (698,680)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Capital outlays are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. In the current period, these amounts are:		
Capital outlay Depreciation expense	7,915,327 <u>(717,304</u>)	7,198,023
Some items reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds. These activities consist of:		
The governmental funds record bond and loan proceeds as other financing sources, while repayment of bond and loan principal is reported as an expenditure. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs and premiums when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. The net effect of these differences in the treatment of bonds and loans and related items is as follows:		
Accreted interst Repayment of bond and loan principal	(157,904) 	
Change in net position of governmental activities		\$ 7,041,439

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Reporting Entity

Worth School District 127 (the "District") operates as a public school system governed by an elected sevenmember board. The District is organized under The School Code of the State of Illinois, as amended. The District serves the community of Worth.

The accounting policies of the District conform to the modified cash basis of accounting, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applicable to governments. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

The following is a summary of the more significant accounting policies:

Basis of Presentation

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position - modified cash basis and the statement of activities - modified cash basis) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the District. The effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. The District's operating activities are all considered "governmental activities", that is, activities normally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues. The District has no operating activities that would be considered "business activities".

The statement of activities - modified cash basis demonstrates the degree to which the direct cash disbursements of a given function are offset by program receipts. District cash disbursements are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program receipts include (1) amounts paid by the recipient of goods or services offered by the program and (2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Taxes and other items not properly included among program receipts are reported instead as general receipts.

Fund Financial Statements

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds. The fund financial statements provide information about the District's funds. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on the major governmental funds, displayed in a separate column. The remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor governmental funds.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund – The General Fund is the District's primary operating fund. It is comprised of four subfunds: the Educational Account, the Operations and Maintenance Account, Working Cash Account, and the Tort Immunity Account. These funds account for activities that are not specifically accounted for in another fund.

Basis of Presentation (Continued)

The District reports the following nonmajor governmental funds:

- Special Revenue Fund This fund type is used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted by law or administrative action to expenditure for specific purposes other than debt service or capital projects. The District's nonmajor special revenue fund are the Transportation Fund and the Municipal Retirement Fund.
- > **Debt Service Fund** The Debt Service Fund accounts of the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of general long-term debt principal, interest and related costs.
- Capital Project Fund The Capital Projects Fund accounts for the receipt and disbursement of monies used to acquire or construct capital assets.
- Fire Prevention and Safety Fund The Fire Prevention and Safety Fund accounts for financial resources to be used for the acquisition, construction and/or additions related to qualifying fire prevention and safety projects.

During the course of operations, the District has activity between funds for various purposes. In fund financial statements, any residual balances outstanding at year-end are reported as due from/to other funds and advances to/from other funds.

Further, certain activity occurs during the year involving transfers of resources between funds. In fund financial statements, these amounts are reported at gross amounts as transfers in/out.

Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Measurement focus is a term used to describe what transactions or events are recorded within the various financial statements. Basis of accounting refers to when and how transactions or events are recorded, regardless of the measurement focus applied.

Measurement Focus

In the government-wide statement of net position - modified cash basis and statement of activities - modified cash basis, governmental activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus, within the limitations of the modified cash basis of accounting. The accounting objectives of this measurement focus are the determination of operating income, changes in net position (or cost recovery), and net financial position. All assets, liabilities (whether current or noncurrent or financial or nonfinancial), and deferred outflows/inflows of resources associated with their activities are generally reported within the limitations of the modified cash basis of accounting.

Governmental funds utilize a current financial resources measurement focus within the limitations of the modified cash basis of accounting. Only current financial assets and liabilities are generally included on their balance sheets. Their operating statements present sources and uses of available spendable financial resources during a given period. These funds use fund balance as their measure of available spendable financial resources at the end of the period.

Basis of Accounting

The financial statements are presented on a modified cash basis of accounting, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. This basis of accounting involves modifications to the cash basis of accounting to report in the statements of net position or balance sheets cash transactions or events that provide a benefit or result in an obligation that covers a period greater than the period in which the cash transaction or event occurred. Such reported balances include investments, interfund receivables and payables, capital assets and related depreciation, and short-term and long-term liabilities arising from cash transactions or events.

This modified cash basis of accounting differs from GAAP primarily because certain assets and their related revenues (such as accounts receivable and revenue for billed or provided services not yet collected and other accrued revenue and receivables) and certain liabilities and their related expenses or expenditures (such as accounts payable and expenses for goods or services received but not yet paid and other accrued expenses and liabilities) are not recorded in these financial statements. In addition, certain other economic assets and liabilities that do not arise from a cash transaction or event are not reported, and the measurement of reported assets and liabilities does not involve adjustment to fair value.

If the District utilized the basis of accounting recognized as generally accepted in the United States, the fund financial statements for governmental funds would use the modified accrual basis of accounting. The government-wide and fiduciary fund financial statements would be presented on the accrual basis of accounting.

Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balance

Cash and Investments

The Worth Township Treasurer is the official custodian of money for the district's and joint agreements within the township, including the District, as prescribed by Chapter 105, Section 5, Article 8 of the Illinois Compiled Statutes. The Township School Treasurer's Office, a legally separate entity under the oversight of the Worth Township Trustees of Schools, pools the district's money and invests, on the district's behalf, in a cash and investment portfolio.

Cash and Investments (Continued)

The Township School Treasurer's Office has adopted a formal written investment and cash management policy. The policy provides that available funds be invested to the maximum extent possible at the highest possible rates obtainable at the time of investment in conformance with applicable state statutes and written administrative guidelines. Although current statutes do not require collateralization of deposits and investments in amounts which exceed insurance coverage, the investment policy of the Township School Treasurer's Office doe provide for the Township School Treasurer to request collateralization in certain situations. The Township Trustees of Schools approve the financial institutions in which investments are made. Due to the nature of the pooled system, specific investment and related collateralization for each individual district is not available.

Capital Assets

Capital assets reported in the government-wide financial statements are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. As the District constructs or acquires additional capital assets each period, they are capitalized and reported at historical cost. The reported value excludes normal maintenance and repairs which are essentially amounts spent in relation to capital assets that do not increase the capacity or efficiency of the item or increase its estimated useful life.

The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the life of an asset are not capitalized.

Depreciation of all exhaustible capital assets is recorded as an allocated expense in the statement of activities, with accumulated depreciation reflected in the statement of net position. Depreciation is provided over the assets' estimated useful lives using the straight-line method of depreciation. The range of estimated useful lives by type of asset is as follows:

	Years
Buildings and building improvements	40 years
Furniture and equipment	3 - 15 years

Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund types in the fund statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as gains (losses) on refundings, are deferred and amortized over the term of the related debt. Bonds payable are reported net of applicable bond premium or discount. Gains (losses) on refundings are reported as deferred inflows (outflows) of resources. Bond issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as expenditures.

Long-Term Obligations (Continued)

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Property Taxes

Property taxes are collected by the Cook County Collector/Treasurer, who remits to the District, its share of collections. Property taxes are levied each year on all taxable real property located in the District on or before the last Tuesday in December. The adoption date for the 2021 tax levy was December 8, 2021. The first installment is an estimated bill, and is 55% of the prior year's tax bill. The second installment is based on the current levy, assessment and equalization, and any changes from the prior year will be reflected in the second installment bill. The due date of the second installment varies and can occur between August and November.

The following are the actual rates levied per \$100 of assessed valuation:

	Maximum Actual	Maximum Actual	
	2021 Levy	2021 Levy	2020 Levy
Educational	-	3.6926	3.2391
Special education	0.4000	0.3778	0.3224
Operations and maintenance	0.5500	0.5397	0.4433
Limited bonds	-	0.3851	0.3484
Transportation	-	0.0810	0.1465
I.M.R.F.	-	0.0270	0.0488
Social security	-	0.1079	0.1221
Working cash	0.0500	0.0500	0.0403
Tort immunity	-	0.0675	0.0488
Life safety	0.1000	0.0944	0.0806
Total		5.4230	4.8403

Personal Property Replacement Taxes

Personal property replacement tax revenues are first allocated to the extent required by Illinois law in the Municipal Retirement/Social Security Fund with the balance allocated to funds at the discretion of the District.

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Pension Plan

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net positions of the Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Illinois (TRS) and the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF), together "the Plans," and additions to/deductions from the Plans' fiduciary net positions have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the Plans. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value. The amounts disclosed in accordance with GASB Statement No. 68 are not reported in the financial statements due to reporting on the basis of accounting described above.

Use of Estimates

Management uses estimates and assumptions in preparing financial statements. Those estimates and assumptions affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities, and the reported revenues and expenses/expenditures. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Fund Balances

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report aggregate amounts for five classifications of fund balances based on the constraints imposed on the use of these resources. The nonspendable fund balance classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form – prepaid items or inventories or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

The spendable portion of the fund balance comprises the remaining four classifications: restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned.

Restricted fund balance: This classification reflects the constraints imposed on resources either (a) externally by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed fund balance: These amounts can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal resolutions or ordinances of the District's Board – the District's highest level of decision-making authority. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the District Board removes the specified use by taking the same type of action that imposed the original commitment. This classification also includes contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

Assigned fund balance: This classification reflects the amounts constrained by the District's "intent" to be used for specific purposes, but the amounts are neither restricted nor committed. The District Board has the authority to assign amounts to be used for specific purposes. Assigned fund balances include all remaining amounts (except negative balances) that are reported in governmental funds, other than the General Fund, that are not classified as nonspendable and are neither restricted nor committed.

Fund Balances (Continued)

Unassigned fund balance: This fund balance is the residual classification for the General Fund. It is also used to report negative fund balances in other governmental funds.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use externally restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources – committed, assigned, and unassigned – in order as needed.

Note 2: Cash and Investments

a. Cash & Investments under the custody of the Township Treasurer

Under the Illinois Compiled Statutes, the Worth Township School Treasurer is the lawful custodian of all school funds. The Treasurer is appointed by the Township School Trustees, an independently elected body, to serve the school districts in the township. The Treasurer is the direct recipient of property taxes, replacement taxes and most state and federal aid and disburses school funds upon lawful order of the school board. The Treasurer invests excess funds at his discretion, subject to the legal restrictions discussed below. For these purposes, the Treasurer is permitted to combine monies from more than one fund of a single district and to combine monies of more than one district in the township. Monies combined under these circumstances, as well as investment earnings, are accounted for separately for each fund and/or district.

Cash and investments, other than the student activity and convenience accounts, petty cash, and imprest funds, are part of a common pool for all school districts and cooperatives within the township. The Treasurer maintains records that segregate the cash and investment balance by district or cooperative. Income from investments is distributed monthly based upon the District's percentage participation in the pool. All cash for all funds, including cash applicable to the Bond and Interest Fund and the Illinois Municipal Retirement/Social Security Fund, is not deemed available for purposes other than those for which these balances are intended.

The Treasurer's investment policies are established by the Worth Township School Trustees as prescribed by the Illinois School Code and the Illinois Compiled Statutes. The Treasurer is authorized to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, backed by the full faith and credit of the U.S. Government, certificates of deposit issued by commercial banks and savings and loan associations, and commercial paper rated within the three highest classifications by at least two standard rating services (subject to certain limitations).

The Treasurer's Office operates as a non-rated, external investment pool. The fair value of the District's investment in the Treasurer's pool is determined by the District's proportionate share of the fair value of the investments held by the Treasurer's office.

Note 2: Cash and Investments (Continued)

As of June 30, 2022, the fair value of the District's proportionate share of the pooled cash and investments held by the Treasurer's office was \$17,142,877.

The District total cash and investments as of June 30, 2022 consisted of the following:

District's share of deposits and investments in the Township School		
Treasurer's cash and investments pool	\$	17,142,877
Petty cash and imprest account (maintained by the District)		5,000
Student activity accounts (maintained by the District)	_	<u>68,649</u>
Total	\$_	17,216,526

Custodial credit risk

With respect to deposits, custodial credit risk refers to the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. The District's investment policy states that the Treasurer shall maintain funds only in financial institutions that collateralize all funds in excess of FDIC or insurable limits.

Note 3: Capital Assets

Governmental activities capital asset balances and activity for the year ended June 30, 2022, were as follows:

Govermental Activities	Balance 6/30/2021	Additions	Deletions	Balance 06/30/22
				/ /
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 110,334 \$; - \$	- ¢	5 110,334
Construction in progress	1,645,061	3,672,471	(1,645,061)	3,672,471
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	1,755,395	3,672,471	(1,645,061)	3,782,805
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	<u> </u>	5,072,471	(1,045,001)	3,782,805
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Buliding and improvements	19,558,199	5,678,255	-	25,236,454
Furniture and equipment	3,963,088	209,662		4,172,750
Total capital assets, being depreciated	23,521,287	5,887,917	<u> </u>	29,409,204
Accumulated depreciation:				
Buliding and improvements	5,298,881	407,416	-	5,706,297
Furniture and equipment	3,393,044	309,888	-	3,702,932
Total accumulated depreciation	8,691,925	717,304		9,409,229
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	14,829,362	5,170,613	<u> </u>	19,999,975
Govermental activities capital assets, net	\$ <u>16,584,757</u>	<u>8,843,084</u>	<u>(1,645,061</u>) <u></u>	23,782,780

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 3: Capital Assets (Continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to functions of the District as follows:

Instructional Services		
Regular programs	\$	301,029
Special programs		92,921
Other		480
Supporting Services		
Pupils		39,107
Instructional staff		15,825
General administration		37,420
School administration		46,550
Business		82,018
Operations and maintenance		82,771
Transportation		16,652
Central		1,151
Community Services		1,380
Total depreciation expense - governmental activities	\$ <u> </u>	717,304

Note 4: Long-Term Debt

Long-term debt consisted of the following at June 30, 2022:

	Balance 6/30/2021	Additions	Reductions	Balance 06/30/22	Amounts due Within One Year
Capital appreciation bond	\$ <u>2,451,571</u> \$	5 157,904	<u>\$ </u>	1,909,475	<u>\$ 700,000</u>
Total	\$ <u>2,451,571</u>	5 157,904	<u>\$ </u>	1,909,475	<u>\$ </u>

General Obligation Bonds

\$1,528,144 Capital Appreciation Refunding Bonds, Series 2005B, payments are due in annual installments beginning December 1, 2005 through December 1, 2024. Interest rates range from 5.67% to 5.98%.

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for the bonds as of June 30, 2022 are as follows for:

		Principal	Interest	Total
2023	\$	258,152 \$	441,848	\$ 700,000
2024		241,058	458,942	700,000
2025		207,556	437,444	645,000
Accumulated accretion		1,202,709	(1,202,709)	
Total	ć	<u>1,909,475</u> \$	135,525	\$ 2,045,000
TOLAT	- ب	1,000,470 2	133,323	<u>, 2,043,000</u>

Note 4: Long-Term Debt (Continued)

The District is subject to the Illinois School Code, which limits the amount of certain indebtedness to 6.9% of the most recent available equalized assessed valuation of the District. As of June 30, 2022, the statutory debt limit for the District was \$13,168,202, with the current outstanding debt that is subject to the statutory debt limit calculation as of June 30, 2022 for the District totaling \$706,766. As of June 30, 2022, the Districts estimated legal debt margin was \$12,500,635.

Payments to retire bonds payable will be made from debt service levies in future periods. There is \$37,197 of fund equity available in the Debt Service Fund to service outstanding bonds payable.

Note 5: Fund Balances

As of June 30, 2022, fund balances were comprised of the following:

			NonMajor		Total	
	G	General Fund		vernmental	Government	al
Restricted						
Student activities	\$	68,649	\$	- :	\$ 68,64	19
Operations and maintenance		1,664,202		-	1,664,20)2
Tort immunity		239,798		-	239,79	98
Transportation		-		302,010	302,02	10
Retirement		-		473,083	473,08	33
Debt Service		-		37,197	37,19) 7
Capital projects		-		956,925	956,92	25
Total restricted		1,972,649		1,769,215	3,741,80	54
Unassigned		13,466,313			13,466,33	<u>13</u>
Total fund balances	\$	15,438,962	<u>\$</u>	1,769,215	\$ 17,208,1	<u>77</u>

Note 6: Employee Retirement Systems

The retirement plans of the District include the Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Illinois (TRS) and the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF). Most funding for TRS is provided through payroll withholdings of certified employees and contributions made by the State of Illinois on-behalf of the District. IMRF is funded through property taxes and a perpetual lien of the District's corporate personal property replacement tax. Each retirement system is discussed below.

a. Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Illinois (TRS)

Plan Description

The District participates in the TRS. TRS is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan that was created by the Illinois legislature for the benefit of Illinois public school teachers employed outside the City of Chicago.

TRS members include all active non-annuitants who are employed by a TRS-covered employer to provide services for which teacher licensure is required. The Illinois Pension Code outlines the benefit provisions of TRS, and amendments to the plan can be made only by legislative action with the Governor's approval. The TRS Board of Trustees is responsible for the System's administration.

TRS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at <u>https://www.trsil.org/financial/acfrs/fy2021</u>; by writing to TRS at 2815 W. Washington, PO Box 19253, Springfield, IL 62794; or by calling (888) 678-3675, option 2.

Benefits Provided

TRS provides retirement, disability, and death benefits. Tier I members have TRS or reciprocal system service prior to January 1, 2011. Tier I members qualify for retirement benefits at age 62 with five years of service, at age 60 with 10 years, or age 55 with 20 years. The benefit is determined by the average of the four highest consecutive years of creditable earnings within the last 10 years of creditable service and the percentage of average salary to which the member is entitled. Most members retire under a formula that provides 2.2 percent of final average salary up to a maximum of 75 percent with 34 years of service.

Tier II members qualify for retirement benefits at age 67 with 10 years of service, or a discounted annuity can be paid at age 62 with 10 years of service. Creditable earnings for retirement purposes are capped and the final average salary is based on the highest consecutive eight years of creditable service rather than the last four. Disability provisions for Tier II are identical to those of Tier I. Death benefits are payable under a formula that is different from Tier I.

Essentially all Tier I retirees receive an annual 3 percent increase in the current retirement benefit beginning January 1 following the attainment of age 61 or on January 1 following the member's first anniversary in retirement, whichever is later. Tier II annual increases will be the lesser of three percent of the original benefit or one-half percent of the rate of inflation beginning January 1 following attainment of age 67 or on January 1 following the member's first anniversary in retirement, whichever is later.

Public Act 100-0023, enacted in 2017, creates an optional Tier III hybrid retirement plan, but it has not yet gone into effect. Public Act 100-0587, enacted in 2018, requires TRS to offer two temporary benefit buyout programs that expire on June 30, 2024. One program allows retiring Tier 1 members to receive a partial lump-sum in exchange for accepting a lower, delayed annual increase. The other allows inactive vested Tier 1 and 2 members to receive a partial lump-sum payment in lieu of a retirement annuity. Both programs will begin in 2019 and will be funded by bonds issued by the state of Illinois.

Contributions

The state of Illinois maintains the primary responsibility for funding TRS. The Illinois Pension Code, as amended by Public Act 88-0593 and subsequent acts, provides that for years 2010 through 2045, the minimum contribution to the System for each fiscal year shall be an amount determined to be sufficient to bring the total assets of the System up to 90% of the total actuarial liabilities of the System by the end of fiscal year 2045.

Contributions from active members and TRS contributing employers are also required by the Illinois Pension Code. The contribution rates are specified in the pension code. The active member contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2021, was 9.0% of creditable earnings. The member contribution, which may be paid on behalf of employees by the employer, is submitted to TRS by the employer.

On-behalf contributions to TRS. The State of Illinois makes employer pension contributions on-behalf of the District. For the year ended June 30, 2022, State of Illinois contributions recognized by the District were based on the State's proportionate share of the pension expense associated with the District, and the District recognized revenue and expenditures of \$3,716,418 in pension contributions from the State of Illinois.

2.2 formula contributions. The District contributes 0.58% of total creditable earnings for the 2.2 formula change. This rate is specified by statute. Contributions for the year ended June 30, 2022 were \$42,940, and are deferred because they were paid after the June 30, 2021 measurement date.

Federal and special trust fund contributions. When TRS members are paid from federal and special trust funds administered by the District, there is a statutory requirement for the District to pay an employer pension contribution from those funds. Under Public Act 100-0340, the federal and special trust fund contribution rate is the total employer normal cost beginning with the year ended June 30, 2018.

Previously, employer contributions for employees paid from federal and special trust funds were at the same rate as the state contribution rate to TRS and were much higher.

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the employer pension contribution was 10.31% of salaries paid from federal and special trust funds. For the year ended June 30, 2022, \$367,713 of salaries were paid from the federal and special trust funds and required employer contributions of \$37,911. These contributions are deferred because they were paid after the June 30, 2021 measurement date.

Employer retirement cost contributions. Under GASB Statement No. 68, contributions that an employer is required to pay because of a TRS member retiring are categorized as specific liability payments. The District is required to make a one-time contribution to TRS for members granted salary increases over 6 percent if those salaries are used to calculate a retiree's final average salary.

A one-time contribution is also required for members granted sick leave days in excess of the normal annual allotment if those days are used as TRS service credit. For the year ended June 30, 2022, the District did not make any payments for salary increases over 6 percent, salary increases over 3 percent, or excess sick leave contributions.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2021, the District reported a liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liability (first amount shown below) that reflected a reduction for State pension support provided to the District. The State's support and total are for disclosure purposes only. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of the net Pension liability	\$	575,560
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the District	_	48,238,076
Total	\$ <u></u>	48,813,636

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2021, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021. The employer's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the employer's share of contributions to TRS for the measurement year ended June 30, 2021, relative to the contributions of all participating TRS employers and the state during that period. At June 30, 2021, the employer's proportion was 0.00074%, which was a increase of 0.00004% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2020.

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the District recognized pension expense of \$3,716,418 and revenue of \$3,716,418 for support provided by the state. At June 30, 2022, the District had deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources, which are not reported due to the regulatory basis of accounting:

	_	Deferred utflows of		Deferred Inflow of
	R	esources		Resources
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$	3,302	\$	2,373
Changes in assumptions		255		2,844
Net difference between projected and actual earnings in pension plan investments		-		38,607
Changes in proportion and differences between District contributions and proportionate share of contributions				186,721
Total deferred amounts to be recognized in pension expense in future periods		3,557		230,545
District's contributions subsequent to the measurement date		80,851		<u> </u>
Total	\$	84,408	<u>\$</u>	230,545

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 6: Employee Retirement Systems (Continued)

\$80,851 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	Net Deferred
	Outflows
	(Inflows) of
Year Ending June 30	Resources
2023	\$ (129,682)
2024	(62,825)
2025	(16,470)
2026	(17,266)
2027	<u>(745</u>)
Total	\$ <u>(226,988</u>)

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability in the June 30, 2021 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.25%
Salary increases	varies by amount of service credit
Investment rate of return	7.00% net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

In the June 30, 2021 actuarial valuation, mortality rates were based on the PubT-2010 Table with appropriate adjustments for the TRS experience. The rates are based on a fully-generational basis using projection table MP-2020. In the June 30, 2020 actuarial valuation, mortality rates were also based on the RP-2014 White Collar Table with appropriate adjustments for TRS experience. The rates were used on a fully-generational basis using projection table MP-2017.

The long-term (20-year) expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a buildingblock method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class that were used by the actuary are summarized in the following table:

		Long-Term
	Target	Expected Real
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return
U.S. equities large cap	16.7 %	6.2 %
U.S. equities small/mid cap	2.2 %	7.4 %
International equities developed	10.6 %	6.9 %
Emerging market equities	4.5 %	9.2 %
U.S. bonds core	3.0 %	1.6 %
Cash equivalents	2.0 %	0.1 %
TIPS	1.0 %	0.8 %
International debt developed	1.0 %	0.4 %
Emerging international debt	4.0 %	4.4 %
Real estate	16.0 %	5.8 %
Private debt	10.0 %	6.5 %
Hedge funds	10.0 %	3.9 %
Private Equity	15.0 %	10.4 %
Infrastructure	<u> </u>	6.3 %
Total	<u> </u>	

Discount Rate

At June 30, 2021, the discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.0%, which was the same as the June 30, 2020 rate. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee contributions, employer contributions, and State contributions will be made at the current statutorily-required rates.

Based on those assumptions, TRS's fiduciary net position at June 30, 2021 was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive members and all benefit recipients. Tier I's liability is partially funded by Tier II members, as the Tier II member contribution is higher than the cost of Tier II benefits. Due to this subsidy, contributions from future members in excess of the service cost are also included in the determination of the discount rate. All projected future payments were covered, so the long-term expected rate of return on TRS investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.00%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.00%) than the current rate:)

			Cui	rrent		
	1%	Decrease	Discou	unt Rate	1% Inc	crease
		6.00%	(7.0	00%)	(8.0	0%)
						_
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	712,820	<u>\$</u>	575,560	<u>\$4</u>	61,548

Detailed information about the TRS's fiduciary net position as of June 30, 2021 is available in the separately issued TRS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

b. Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF)

Plan Description and Benefits

Plan description – The District's defined benefit pension plan for regular employees provides retirement and disability benefits, post-retirement increases, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. The employer's plan is managed by the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF), the administrator of an agent multi-employer public pension fund. A summary of IMRF's pension benefits is provided in the "Benefits Provided" section of this document. Details of all benefits are available from IMRF. Benefit provisions are established by statute and may only be changed by the General Assembly of the State of Illinois. IMRF issues a publicly available Annual Comprehensive Financial Report that includes financial statements, detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position, and required supplementary information. The report is available for download at www.imrf.org.

Benefits provided - IMRF has three benefit plans. The vast majority of IMRF members participate in the Regular Plan (RP). The Sheriff's Law Enforcement Personnel (SLEP) plan is for sheriffs, deputy sheriffs, and selected police chiefs. Counties could adopt the Elected County Official (ECO) plan for officials elected prior to August 8, 2011 (the ECO plan was closed to new participants after that date).

All three IMRF benefit plans have two tiers. Employees hired *before* January 1, 2011, are eligible for Tier 1 benefits. Tier 1 employees are vested for pension benefits when they have at least eight years of qualifying service credit. Tier 1 employees who retire at age 55 (at reduced benefits) or after age 60 (at full benefits) with eight years of service are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life, in an amount equal to 1-2/3% of the final rate of earnings for the first 15 years of service credit, plus 2% for each year of service credit after 15 years to a maximum of 75% of their final rate of earnings. Final rate of earnings is the highest total earnings during any consecutive 48 months within the last 10 years of service, divided by 48. Under Tier 1, the pension is increased by 3% of the original amount on January 1 every year after retirement.

Employees hired on or after January 1, 2011, are eligible for Tier 2 benefits. For Tier 2 employees, pension benefits vest after ten years of service. Participating employees who retire at age 62 (at reduced benefits) or after age 67 (at full benefits) with ten years of service are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life, in an amount equal to 1-2/3% of the final rate of earnings for the first 15 years of service credit, plus 2% for each year of service credit after 15 years to a maximum of 75% of their final rate of earnings. Final rate of earnings is the highest total earnings during any 96 consecutive months within the last 10 years of service, divided by 96. Under Tier 2, the pension is increased on January 1 every year after retirement, upon reaching age 67, by the *lesser* of:

3% of the original pension amount, or1/2 of the increase in the Consumer Price Index of the original pension amount.

Employees Covered by the Benefit Terms - At the December 31, 2019 valuation date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	213
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	90
Active employees	51
Total	354

Contributions - As set by statute, the employer's Regular Plan Members are required to contribute 4.5% of their annual covered salary. The statute requires employers to contribute the amount necessary, in addition to member contributions, to finance the retirement coverage of its own employees. The employer's annual contribution rate for calendar year 2021 was 7.55%. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, the employer contributed \$130,541 to the plan. The employer also contributes for disability benefits, death benefits, and supplemental retirement benefits, all of which are pooled at the IMRF level. Contribution rates for disability and death benefits are set by IMRF's Board of Trustees, while the supplemental retirement benefits rate is set by statute.

Net Pension Liability - The employer's Net Pension (Asset) Liability was measured as of December 31, 2021. The total pension liability used to calculate the pension (asset)/liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The amount is included in the prepaids/accrued expenses on the Statement of Fiduciary Net Pension.

Actuarial assumptions – The following are the methods and assumptions used to determine total pension liability at December 31, 2021:

	e Normal e of Assets 13.75%, including inflation ce-based table of rates that are specific to the type of eligibility on. Last updated for the 2020 valuation pursuant to an experience f the period 2017-2019.
Mortality For non- income tables, were u median unadjus MP-202 median tables,	disabled retirees, the Pub-2010, Amount Weighted, below median General, Retiree, Male (adjusted 106%) and Female (adjusted 105%) and future mortality improvements projected using scale MP-2020 sed. For disabled retirees, the Pub-2010, Amount-Weighted, below- income, General, Disabled Retiree, Male and Female (both ted) tables, and future mortality improvements projected using scale 0. For active members, the Pub-2010, Amount0Weighted, below- income, General, Employee, Male and Female (both unadjusted) and future mortality improvements projected using scale re no benefit changes during the year.

The **long-term expected rate of return** on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense, and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return to the target asset allocation percentage and adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table as of December 31, 2021:

		Long-Term
	Target	Expected Real
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return
Equities	39.0 %	1.90 %
International equities	15.0 %	3.15 %
Fixed income	25.0 %	(0.60)%
Real estate	10.0 %	3.30 %
Alternatives	10.0 %	1.70-5.50 %
Cash	<u> </u>	(0.90)%
Total	<u> </u>	

Single Discount Rate

A Single Discount Rate of 7.25% was used to measure the total pension liability as December 31, 2021. The projection of cash flow used to determine this Single Discount Rate assumed that the plan members' contributions will be made at the current contribution rate, and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. The Single Discount Rate reflects:

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments (during the period in which the fiduciary net position is projected to be sufficient to pay benefits), and

The tax-exempt municipal bond rate based on an index of 20-year general obligation bonds with an average AA credit rating (which is published by the Federal Reserve) as of the measurement date (to the extent that the contributions for use with the long-term expected rate of return are not met).

For the purpose of the most recent valuation, the expected rate of return on plan investments is 7.25%, the municipal bond rate is 1.84%, and the resulting single discount rate is 7.25%.

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate - The following presents the plan's net pension liability, calculated using the single discount rate of 7.25 percent, as well as what the plan's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a single discount rate that is 1% lower or 1% higher:

		Current		
	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase	
	(6.25%)	(7.25%)	(8.25%)	
Net pension liability	\$ <u>(736,971</u>)	<u>\$ (1,626,779)</u>	5 <u>(2,331,274</u>)	

Due to the District preparing its financial statements on the basis of the financial reporting provisions of the Illinois State Board of Education, pension liabilities and deferred inflows and outflows referred to throughout the note disclosure are not recognized in the actual financial statements.

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 6: Employee Retirement Systems (Continued)

Changes in Net Pension Liability

	Total Pension Liability (A)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (B)	Net Pension Liability (A) - (B)
Balances at December 31, 2020	\$ <u>8,168,824</u>	<u>\$ 8,798,238</u>	<u>\$ (629,414)</u>
Changes for the year:			
Service cost	171,410	-	171,410
Interest on the total Pension liability	584,827	-	584,827
Differences between expected and actual experience of the			
total Pension liability	(200,236)	-	(200,236)
Contributions - employer	-	155,896	(155,896)
Contributions - employees	-	88,188	(88,188)
Net investment income	-	1,471,545	(1,471,545)
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee			
contributions	(375,913)	(375,913)	-
Other (net transfer)		(162,263)	162,263
Net changes	180,088	<u>\$ 1,177,453</u>	<u>\$ (997,365</u>)
Balances at December 31, 2021	\$ <u>8,348,912</u>	<u>\$ 9,975,691</u>	<u>\$ (1,626,779</u>)

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions - For year ended June 30, 2022, the District recognized pension expense of \$130,541. At June 30, 2022, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources which are not reported due to the financial reporting provisions of the Illinois State Board of Education.

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflow of Resources
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$-:	\$ 31,346
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments Total deferred amounts to be recognized in pension expense in future periods		<u>1,134,652</u> 1,165,998
District's contributions subsequent to the measurement date	65,090	<u> </u>
Total	\$ <u>65,090</u>	<u>\$ 1,165,998</u>

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 6: Employee Retirement Systems (Continued)

\$65,090 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	Net Deferred
	Outflows
	(Inflows) of
Year Ending December 31	Resources
2022	\$ (285,259)
2023	(430,683)
2024	(281,190)
2025	<u>(168,866)</u>
Total	\$ <u>(1,165,998</u>)

Note 7: Other Postemployment Benefits

a. Teacher Health Insurance Security (THIS)

Plan Description

The District participates in the THIS. The THIS is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit postemployment healthcare plan (OPEB) that was established by the Illinois legislature for the benefit of Illinois public school teachers employed outside the City of Chicago. THIS members are retirees of public schools who were certified educators or administrators. Eligibility is currently limited to former full-time employees, and others who were not full-time employees that meet certain requirements, and their dependents. The State Employees Group Insurance Act of 1971 (5 ILCS 375/6.5) (SEGIA) establishes the eligibility and benefit provisions of the plan.

The THIS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at the website of the Illinois Auditor General: https://www.auditor.illinois.gov/Audit-Report/ABC-List.asp. The current reports are listed under "Central Management Services"; prior reports are available under "Healthcare and Family Services".

Benefits Provided

The THIS Fund provides medical, prescription, and behavioral health benefits, but it does not provide vision, dental or life insurance benefits to annuitants of the Teachers' Retirement System (TRS). Annuitants not enrolled in Medicare may participate in the state administered participating provider option plan or choose from several managed care options. Annuitants who were enrolled in Medicare Parts A and B may be eligible to enroll in Medicare Advantage Plans.

Amendments to the plan can be made only by legislative action with the Governor's approval. Effective July 1, 2012, in accordance with Executive Order 12-01, the plan is administered by the Illinois Department of Central Management Services (CMS) with the cooperation of TRS.

Contributions

The SEGIA requires that all active contributors to the TRS, who are not employees of a department, make contributions to the plan at a rate of 0.90% of salary and for every employer of a teacher to contribute an amount equal to 0.67% of each teacher's salary. Additionally, the SEGIA requires the State to match the employees' contribution on-behalf of the employer. The Department determines, by rule, the percentage required, which each year shall not exceed 105% of the percentage of salary actually required to be paid in the previous fiscal year. In addition, under the State Pension Funds Continuing Appropriations Act (40 ILCS 15/1.3), there is appropriated, on a continuing annual basis, from the General Revenue Fund, an account of the General Fund, to the State Comptroller for deposit in the THIS, an amount equal to the amount certified by the Board of Trustees of TRS as the estimated total amount of contributions to be paid under 5 ILCS 376/6.6(a) in that fiscal year.

The SEGIA requires that the Department's Director determine the rates and premiums of annuitants and dependent beneficiaries and establish the cost-sharing parameters, as well as funding. Member premiums are set by this statute, which provides for a subsidy of either 50% or 75%, depending upon member benefit choices. Dependents are eligible for coverage, at a rate of 100% of the cost of coverage.

On-behalf contributions to THIS. The state of Illinois makes employer retiree health insurance contributions on behalf of the District. State contributions are intended to match contributions to THIS Fund from active members which were 0.90% of pay during the year ended June 30, 2022. State of Illinois contributions were \$66,631, and the District recognized revenue and expenditures of this amount during the year.

Employer contributions to THIS Fund. The District also makes contributions to THIS Fund. The District THIS Fund contribution was 0.67% during the year ended June 30, 2022. For the year ended June 30, 2022, the District paid \$49,603 to the THIS Fund, which was 100 percent of the required contribution.

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

At June 30, 2022, the District's reported a liability for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability. The State's support and total are for disclosure purposes only. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net OPEB liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$	5,622,776
State's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability associated with the District	_	7,623,664
Total	\$ <u> </u>	13,246,440

The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2021, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020 and rolled forward to June 30, 2021. The District's proportion of the net OPEB liability was based on the District's share of contributions to TRS for the measurement year ended June 30, 2021, relative to the projected contributions of all participating TRS employers and the state during that period. At June 30, 2021, the District's proportion was 0.025494%, which was an increase of 0.000843% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2020.

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$122,084

At June 30, 2022, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of	Deferred Inflow of
	Resources	Resources
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$	- \$ 263,026
Changes in assumptions	1,94	1 2,105,476
Net difference between projected and actual earnings in OPEB plan investments Changes in proportion and differences between District contributions and		- 19
proportionate share of contributions	408,06	8 163,977
Total deferred amounts to be recognized in OPEB expense in future periods	410,00	9 2,532,498
District's contributions subsequent to the measurement date	49,60	3
Total	\$ <u>459,61</u>	<u>2 \$ 2,532,498</u>

\$49,603 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30	Net Deferred Inflows of Resources
2023	\$ (408,856)
2024	(408,818)
2025	(366,118)
2026	(268,558)
2027	(670,139)
Total	\$ <u>(2,122,489</u>)

Actuarial Valuation Method

The actuarial valuation was based on the Entry Age Normal cost method. Under this method, the normal cost and actuarial accrued liability are directly proportional to the employee's salary. The normal cost rate equals the present value of future benefits at entry age divided by the present value of future salary at entry age. The normal cost at the member's attained age equals the normal cost rate at entry age multiplied by the salary at attained age. The actuarial accrued liability equals the present value of benefits at attained age less present value of future salaries at attained age multiplied by normal cost rate at entry age.

Actuarial Assumptions.

The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2021 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.50%
Salary increases	Depends on service and ranges from 9.50% at 1 year of service to 4.00% at 20 or more years of service. Salary increase includes a 3.25% wage inflation assumption
Investment rate of return	2.75%, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation, for all plan years
Healthcare cost trend rates	Trend for fiscal year 2022 based on expected increased used to develop average costs. For fiscal years after 2023, trend starts at 8.00% for non-Medicare costs and Medicare costs gradually decreases to an ultimate trend of 4.50%.

Mortality rates for retirement and beneficiary annuitants were based on the RP-2014 White Collar Annuitant Mortality Table, adjusted for TRS experience. For disabled annuitants mortality rates were based on the RP-Disabled Annuitant table. Mortality rates for pre-retirement were based on the RP-2014 White Collar Table. All tables reflect future mortality improvements using Projection Scale MP-2017.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2020 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2014 through June 30, 2017.

Discount Rate

Projected benefit payments were discounted to their actuarial present value using a Single Discount Rate that reflects (1) a long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments (to the extent that the plan's fiduciary net position is projected to be sufficient to pay benefits), and (2) tax-exempt municipal bond rate based on an index of 20-year general obligation bond with an average AA credit rating as of the measurement date (to the extent that the contributions for use with the long-term expected rate of return are not met). Since the THIS is financed on a pay-as-you-go basis, a discount rate consistent with the 20-year general obligation bond index has been selected. The discount rates are 1.92% as of June 30, 2021, and 2.45% as of June 30, 2020. The decrease in the single discount rate from 2.45% to 1.92% caused the total OPEB liability to increase by approximately \$1,965 million from 2020 to 2021.

Sensitivity of the Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate and Healthcare Cost Trend Rate

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability calculated using the discount rate of 1.92%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (0.92%) or 1-percentage-point higher (2.92%) than the current rate:

		Current	
	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
	0.92%	1.92%	2.92%
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ <u>6,754,610</u>	<u>\$ 5,622,776</u>	<u>\$ 4,725,644</u>

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using the healthcare cost trend rate, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current rate. The key trend rates are 8.00% in 2023 decreasing to an ultimate trend rate of 4.25% in 2038:

		Healthcare Cost Trend	
	1% Decrease (a)	Rate Assumptions	1% Increase (b)
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ <u>4,501,316</u>	<u>\$ 5,622,776</u>	<u>\$ 7,146,198</u>

- a) One percentage point decrease in healthcare trend rates are 7.00% in 2023 decreasing to an ultimate trend rate of 3.25% in 2038.
- b) One percentage point increase in healthcare trend rates are 9.00% in 2023 decreasing to an ultimate trend rate of 5.25% in 2038.

Note 8: Risk Management

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, thefts of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees and natural disasters.

The District participates in the School Employees Loss Fund (SELF) for its workers compensation coverage, the Suburban School Cooperative Insurance Pool (SSCIP) for its general liability and property, the South Suburban Benefit Cooperative (SSBC) for employee health coverage. SELF, SSCIP, and SSBC are organizations of school districts in Illinois which have formed an association under the Illinois Intergovernmental Cooperation's Statute to pool their risk management needs.

The cooperative agreements provide that SSCIP and SSBC will be self-sustaining through member premiums and will reinsure through commercial companies for claims in excess of \$1,000,000 per occurrence and \$3,000,000 in the aggregate for general liability and property, and \$100,000 per individual and \$6,900,000 in the aggregate for employee health. SELF purchases insurance through commercial companies for its workers' compensation coverage with member premiums. The District, along with other members of SELF, SSCIP, and SSBC, had a contractual obligation to fund any premium deficiency of the pools attributable to a year during which it was a member. SELF, SSCIP, and SSBC could have assessed supplemental premiums to fund these premium deficiencies. In the past three years, the District has not made any supplemental premium payments to the pools.

Note 9: Interfund Transfers

Transfer from	Transfer to		Amount
Transportation Fund	General Fund - Educational Account	\$	1,200,000
General Fund - Working Cash Account	General Fund - Operations and Maintenance		10,000
Transportation Fund	General Fund - Operations and Maintenance		8,000
Municipal Retirement/Social Security Fund	General Fund - Operations and Maintenance		1,500
Total		\$ <u></u>	1,219,500

As of June 30, 2022, interfund transfers consisted of the following:

Transfers from the Transportation Fund, General Fund Working Cash Account, and the Municipal Retirement/Social Security Fund to the General Fund Educational Account and the General Fund Operations and Maintenance account were made to fund ordinary and necessary expenditures.

	General Fund							
		Original					Va	ariance with
Year Ended June 30, 2022		Budget	I	Final Budget		Actual	Fi	inal Budget
Revenues Received								
Local sources	\$	9,222,842	\$	9,477,694	\$	9,655,436	\$	177,742
State resources		6,866,989		7,981,166		11,756,701		3,775,535
Federal resources		4,356,168		5,003,035	_	4,978,755		(24,280)
Total revenues received		20,445,999		22,461,895	_	26,390,892		3,928,997
Expenditures								
Current operating								
Instruction		7,712,174		7,852,498		12,136,086		4,283,588
Support Services		6,097,407		6,439,160		5,874,166		(564,994)
Community services		32,628		7,455		1,060		(6,395)
Non-programmed charges		1,285,091		1,286,091		1,331,668		45,577
Capital outlay		7,753,252		8,339,252		7,880,897		(458, <u>355</u>)
Total expenditures disbursed		22,880,552		23,924,456	_	27,223,877		3,299,421
Excess of revenue over (under) expenditures		(2,434,553)		(1,462,561)	_	(832,985)		629,576
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Transfers out		(15,000)		(10,000)		(10,000)		-
Transfers in		26,000		1,219,500	_	1,219,500		
Total other financing sources (uses)		11,000		1,209,500	_	1,209,500		
Net change in fund balances	\$	(2,423,553)	\$	(253,061)		376,515	\$	629,576
Fund balances at beginning of year					_	15,062,447		
Fund balances at end of year					\$_	15,438,962		

Schedule of Changes in the Employer's Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios

Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund

Last Eight Calendar Years

		2021	2020	2019	2018
Total Pension Liability					
Service cost	\$	171,410 \$	174,956 \$	169,660 \$	155,845
Interest		584,827	559,044	529,499	502,656
Differences between expected and actual					
experience		(200,236)	51,392	59,964	69,549
Changes of assumption		-	(55,098)	-	195,281
Benefit payments, including refunds of					
member contributions		(375,913)	(369,876)	(338,643)	(319,114)
Net change in total pension liability	_	180,088	360,418	420,480	604,217
5 1 ,			,	,	,
Total pension liability, beginning		8,168,824	7,808,406	7,387,926	<u>6,783,709</u>
Total pension liability - ending	\$	<u>8,348,912</u>	<u>8,168,824</u>	7,808,406 \$	7,387,926
Plan Fiduciary Net Position					
Contributions - employer	\$	155,896 \$	153,142 \$	116,048 \$	163,286
Contributions - member		88,188	84,194	78,735	72,644
Net investment income		1,471,545	1,124,547	1,230,408	(356,844)
Benefit payments, including refunds of					
member contributions		(375,913)	(369,876)	(338,643)	(319,114)
Other		(162,263)	(49,342)	71,547	138,493
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		1,177,453	942,665	1,158,095	(301,535)
		, ,	,	, ,	() /
Plan net position, beginning		8,798,238	7,855,573	6,697,478	6,999,013
Plan net position, ending	\$	<u>9,975,691</u>	<u>8,798,238</u>	<u>7,855,573</u>	<u>6,697,478</u>
1 2					
Employer's net pension liability (asset)	\$	<u>(1,626,779</u>) <u>\$</u>	<u>(629,414) </u>	<u>(47,167) \$</u>	<u>690,448</u>
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of					
the total pension liability		119.48 %	107.71 %	100.60 %	90.65 %
Covered payroll	\$	1,822,752 \$	1,867,584 \$	1,706,599 \$	1,611,907
Employer's net pension liability as a percentage					
of covered payroll		(89.25)%	(33.70)%	(2.76)%	42.83 %
		. ,	. ,	. ,	

The District implemented GASB Statement No. 68 in fiscal year 2015. Information prior to fiscal year 2015 is not available.

	2017		2016		2015		2014
\$	161,517 510,521	\$	157,566 473,809	\$	143,592 447,128	\$	150,592 410,108
	(270,018) (189,357)		120,536 (8,283)		(31,209) 7,797		(80,620) 228,172
	<u>(310,286</u>) (97,623)		<u>(218,813</u>) 524,815		<u>(201,403</u>) 365,905		(220,913) 487,339
	6,881,332		6,356,517		5,990,612		5,503,273
<u>\$</u>	6,783,709	<u>\$</u>	6,881,332	<u>\$</u>	6,356,517	<u>\$</u>	5,990,612
\$	178,345 67,674 1,049,149	\$	147,983 65,702 394,329	\$	137,810 62,443 29,237	\$	135,588 59,270 336,752
	(310,286) <u>(195,563</u>) 789,319		(218,813) <u>91,469</u> 480,670		(201,403) <u>(146,966</u>) (118,879)		(220,913) <u>3,648</u> 314,345
	6,209,694		5,729,024		5,847,903		5,533,558
<u>\$</u>	6,999,013	<u>\$</u>	6,209,694	<u>\$</u>	5,729,024	<u>\$</u>	5,847,903
<u>\$</u>	(215,304)	<u>\$</u>	671,638	<u>\$</u>	627,493	<u>\$</u>	142,709
	103.17 %		90.24 %		90.13 %		97.62 %
\$	1,503,864	\$	1,459,407	\$	1,383,636	\$	1,255,122
	(14.32)%		46.02 %		45.35 %		11.37 %

Schedule of Employer Contributions Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund

Last Eight Calendar Years

									Actual Contributions as a
	Ac	tuarially			Со	ntribution		Covered	Percentage of
	Det	termined		Actual	Deficiency		Valuation		Covered Valuation
Calendar Year	Cor	ntribution	Contributio			(Excess)		Payroll	Payroll
2021	\$	137,618	\$	155,896	\$	(18,278)	\$	1,822,752	8.55 %
2020		153,142		153,142		-		1,867,584	8.20 %
2019		116,049		116,048		1		1,706,599	6.80 %
2018		163,286		163,286		-		1,611,907	10.13 %
2017		146,176		178,345		(32,169)		1,503,864	11.86 %
2016		147,984		147,983		1		1,459,407	10.14 %
2015		137,810		137,810		-		1,383,636	9.96 %
2014		129,406		135,588		(6,182)		1,255,122	10.80 %

Notes to Schedule

Valuation date:

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of December 31 of each year, which are 12 months prior to the beginning of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported.

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rate

Actuarial cost method Amortization method Remaining amortization period	Aggregate entry age normal Level percent of pay, closed Non-Taxing bodies: 10-year rolling period. Taxing bodies (Regular, SLEP and ECO groups): 22-year closed. Early Retirement Incentive Plan liabilities: a period up to 10 years selected by the Employer upon adoption of ERI. SLEP supplemental liabilities attributable to Public Act 94-712 were financed over 17 years for most employers (five employers were financed over 18 years; two employers were financed over 20 years; three employers were financed over 26 years; four employers were financed over 28 years).
Asset valuation method	5-year smoothed market; 20% corridor
Wage growth	3.25%
Inflation	2.50%
Salary increases	3.35% to 14.25%, including inflation
Investment rate of return	7.25%
Retirement age	Experience-based table of rates that are specific to the type of eligibility condition. Last updated for the 2017 valuation pursuant to an experience study of the period 2014 - 2016.
Mortality	For non-disabled retirees, an IMRF specific mortality table was used with fully generational projection scale MP-2017 (base year 2015). The IMRF specific rates were developed from the RP-2014 Blue Collar Health Annuitant Mortality Table with adjustments to match current IMRF experience. For disabled retirees, an IMRF specific mortality table was used with fully generational projection scale MP-2017 (base year 2015). The IMRF specific rates were developed from the RP-2014 Disabled Retirees Mortality Table applying the same adjustment that were applied for non-disabled lives. For active members, an IMRF specific mortality table was used with fully generational projection scale MP-2017 (base year 2015). The IMRF specific rates were developed from the RP-2014 Disabled Retirees Mortality Table applying the same adjustment that were applied for non-disabled lives. For active members, an IMRF specific mortality table was used with fully generational projection scale MP-2017 (base year 2015). The IMRF specific rates were developed from the RP-2014 Disabled Retirees Mortality Table applying the same adjustment that were applied for non-disabled lives. For active members, an IMRF specific mortality table was used with fully generational projection scale MP-2017 (base year 2015). The IMRF specific rates were developed from the RP-2014 Employee Mortality Table with adjustments to match current IMRF experience.

The District implemented GASB Statement No. 68 in fiscal year 2015. Information prior to fiscal year 2015 is not available.

Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability

Teachers' Retirement System

Last Eight Fiscal Years

		2022*	2021*	2020*	2019*
District's proportion of the net pension liability		0.0007 %	0.0007 %	0.0008 %	0.0008 %
District's proportion share of the net pension liability	\$	575,560 \$	639,673 Ş	628,326 \$	625,072
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the District	_	48,238,076	50,102,504	44,717,293	42,820,034
	\$_	<u>48,813,636</u>	50,742,177 \$	<u>45,345,619</u> <u>\$</u>	43,445,106
District's covered payroll	\$	6,617,567 \$	6,222,662 \$	6,046,590 \$	5,739,759
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll		8.70 %	10.28 %	10.39 %	10.89 %
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		45.10 %	37.80 %	39.60 %	40.00 %

Notes to Schedule

Changes of assumptions

For the 2021 measurement year, the assumed investment rate of return was of 7.0 percent, including an inflation rate of 2.25 percent and a real return of 4.75 percent. Salary increases were assumed to vary by service credit. These actuarial assumptions were based on an experience study dated September 30, 2021.

For the 2020-2016 measurement years, the assumed investment rate of return was of 7.0 percent, including an inflation rate of 2.5 percent and a real return of 4.5 percent. Salary increases were assumed to vary by service credit. The assumptions used for the 2020-2018 and 2017-2016 measurement years were based on an experience study dated September 18, 2018 and August 13, 2015, respectively.

For the 2015 measurement year, the assumed investment rate of return was 7.5 percent, including an inflation rate of 3.0 percent and a real return of 4.5 percent. Salary increases were assumed to vary by service credit. Various other changes in assumptions were adopted based on the experience analysis for the three-year period ending June 30, 2014.

* The amounts presented were determined as of the prior fiscal-year end. The District implemented GASB Statement No. 68 in fiscal year 2015. Information prior to fiscal year 2015 is not available.

 2018*	2017*	2016*	2015*
0.0016 %	0.0022 %	0.002999 %	0.002582 %
\$ 1,189,608 \$	1,712,752 \$	1,765,119 \$	1,571,441
 43,314,270	45,236,526	35,185,152	33,598,232
\$ 44,503,878 \$	46,949,278 \$	36,950,271 \$	35,169,673
\$ 5,848,499 \$	5,698,736 \$	5,433,366 \$	5,445,960
20.34 %	30.05 %	32.49 %	28.86 %
39.30 %	36.40 %	41.47 %	43.00 %

Schedule of Employer Contributions

Teachers' Retirement System

Last Eight Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Contractually Required Contribution	Contributions in Relation to Contractually Required Contribution	Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	Covered Payroll	Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
2022	\$ 80,851	\$ 80,851	\$-	\$ 7,403,451	1.09 %
2021	67,783	67,783	-	6,617,567	1.02 %
2020	61,533	61,532	1	6,222,662	0.99 %
2019	49,138	56,232	(7,094)	6,046,590	0.93 %
2018	54,853	61,924	(7,071)	5,739,759	1.08 %
2017	73,925	73,925	-	5,848,499	1.26 %
2016	92,775	102,559	(9,784)	5,698,736	1.80 %
2014	86,578	108,102	(21,524)	5,433,366	1.99 %

The District implemented GASB Statement No. 68 in fiscal year 2015. Information prior to fiscal year 2015 is not available.

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Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability

Teachers' Health Insurance Security Fund

Last Five Fiscal Years

		2022*	2021*	2020*	2019*
District's proportion of the net OPEB liability		0.025494 %	0.024651 %	0.024608 %	0.024227 %
District's proportion share of the net OPEB liability	\$	5,622,776 \$	6,590,799 \$	6,810,835 \$	6,382,882
State's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability associated with the District	_	7,623,664	8,946,301	9,222,783	8,570,867
	\$_	<u>13,246,440 \$</u>	<u>15,537,100</u> \$	<u> 16,033,618</u> \$	14,953,749
District's covered payroll	\$	6,617,567 \$	6,222,662 \$	6,045,590 \$	5,739,759
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of covered payroll		84.97 %	105.92 %	112.66 %	111.20 %
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability		1.40 %	(0.24)%	(0.22)%	(0.07)%

* The amounts presented were determined as of the prior fiscal-year end.

The District implemented GASB Statement No. 75 in fiscal year 2018. Information prior to fiscal year 2018 is not available.

	2018*
	0.025432 %
\$	6,599,522
	8,666,874
<u>\$</u>	<u>15,266,396</u>
\$	5,848,499

112.84 %

(0.17)%

Schedule of Employer Contributions Teachers' Health Insurance Security Fund

Last Five Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Contractually Required Contribution	Required	Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	Covered Payroll	Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	
2022	\$ 49,603	\$ 49,603	\$-	\$ 7,403,451	0.67 %	
2021	60,882	60,882	-	6,617,567	0.92 %	
2020	57,248	57,248	-	6,222,662	0.92 %	
2019	130,606	130,585	21	6,046,590	2.16 %	
2018	118,239	118,242	(3)	5,739,759	2.06 %	

The District implemented GASB Statement No. 75 in fiscal year 2018. Information prior to fiscal year 2018 is not available.

Notes to Supplementary Information

Year Ended June 30, 2022

a. Budgetary Information

The budget is prepared on the modified cash basis of accounting for all governmental funds, which is an acceptable method as prescribed by the Illinois State Board of Education, and is the same basis that is used for financial reporting. The level of control (level at which expenditures may not exceed budget/appropriations) is the fund. The budget appropriations lapse at the end of each fiscal year. The District does not utilize an encumbrance system. The District follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements.

- The Administration submits to the Board of Education a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing July 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- Public hearings are conducted and the proposed budget is available for inspection to obtain taxpayer comments.
- Prior to September 30 the budget is legally adopted through passage of a resolution. On or before the last Tuesday in December, a tax levy ordinance is filed with the County Clerk to obtain tax revenues.
- The Superintendent is authorized to transfer up to 10% of the total budget between departments within any fund without Board of Education approval; however, any revisions that alter the total expenditures of any fund must be approved by the Board of Education following the public hearing process mandated by law. The budget which was originally adopted on September 15, 2021, was amended on June 8, 2022.
- > Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year.
- The Board of Education may amend the budget (in other ways) by the same procedures required of its original adoption.
- > The budget lapses at the end of each fiscal year.

b. Excess of Expenditures over Budget

The following funds had an excess of actual expenditures over the budgeted amount for the year ended June 30, 2022:

Fiscal Year	Budget	Actual		Excess
General Fund - Educational Account	\$ 13,905,750	\$	17,825,947	\$ 3,920,197
Transportation Fund	\$ 213,000	\$	223,887	\$ 10,887
Municipal Retirement/Social Security Fund	\$ 376,070	\$	376,688	\$ 618

The over expenditure in the General Fund - Educational Account is a result of payments made to the Teachers Retirement System by the district that were not budgeted for. The expenditure variances for the Transportation Fund Fund and the Municipal Retirement/Social Security Fund were sufficiently absorbed by surpluses that existed at the beginning of the fiscal year and were approved by the Board of Education. Under the State Budget Act expenditures may exceed the budget if additional resources are available to finance such expenditures.

Combining Balance Sheet by Account -Modified Cash Basis -

General Fund

		Operations and			
June 30, 2022	Educational	Maintenance	Working Cash	Tort Immunity	Total General
Assets					
Cash and investments	\$ <u>11,584,363</u>	\$ <u>1,664,202</u>	\$ <u>1,958,948</u>	\$ <u>239,798</u>	<u>\$ 15,447,311</u>
Liabilities and fund balance					
Liabilities					
Accrued expenses	\$ <u>8,349</u>	\$	\$ <u> </u>	\$ <u> </u>	<u>\$ 8,349</u>
Fund balances Restricted					
Student activities	68,649	-	-	-	68,649
Operations and maintenance	-	1,664,202	-	-	1,664,202
Tort immunity	-	-	-	239,798	239,798
Unassigned	11,507,365		1,958,948		13,466,313
Total fund balances	11,576,014	1,664,202	1,958,948	239,798	15,438,962
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ <u>11,584,363</u>	\$ <u>1,664,202</u>	\$ <u>1,958,948</u>	\$ <u>239,798</u>	<u>\$ 15,447,311</u>

Combining Schedule of Revenues Received, Expenditures Disbursed and Changes in Fund Balances by Account - Modified Cash Basis -General Fund

		Operations and			
Year Ended June 30, 2022	Educational	Maintenance	Working Cash	Tort Immunity	Total General
Revenues Received					
Property taxes	\$ 7,499,186				
Other local sources	788,821	164,123	26,502	3,071	982,517
State resources	6,097,953	5,658,748	-	-	11,756,701
Federal resources	2,233,865	2,744,890			4,978,755
Total revenues received	16,619,825	9,534,209	119,292	117,566	26,390,892
Expenditures Disbursed					
Current operating					
Instruction	12,136,086	-	-	-	12,136,086
Support Services	4,357,133	9,272,699	-	125,231	13,755,063
Community services	1,060	-	-	-	1,060
Payments to other districts					
and governmental units	1,331,668				1,331,668
Total expenditures disbursed	17,825,947	9,272,699		125,231	27,223,877
Excess of revenues received over (under) expenditures disbursed	(1,206,122)	261,510	119,292	(7,665)	(832,985)
Other financing sources (uses)					
Transfers out	-	-	(10,000)	-	(10,000)
Transfers in	1,200,000	19,500			1,219,500
Total other financing sources (uses)	1,200,000	19,500	(10,000)	<u> </u>	1,209,500
Net changes in fund balance	(6,122)	281,010	109,292	(7,665)	376,515
Fund balances at beginning of year	11,582,136	1,383,192	1,849,656	247,463	15,062,447
Fund balances end of year	\$ <u>11,576,014</u>	\$ <u>1,664,202</u>	\$ <u>1,958,948</u>	\$ <u>239,798</u>	<u>\$ 15,438,962</u>

	Educational Account							
				20	22			
	(Original					Va	riance with
Year Ended June 30, 2022		Budget	Fi	nal Budget		Actual	Fi	nal Budget
Revenues Received								
Local sources								
Property taxes - general levy	\$	7,033,800	\$	7,083,800	\$	6,811,009	\$	(272,791)
Special education tax levy		670,778		676,460		688,177		11,717
Corporate replacement taxes		75,000		219,320		213,834		(5 <i>,</i> 486)
Charges for services		65,000		33,000		295,015		262,015
Earnings on investments		75,000		80,000		177,579		97,579
Other		15,000		100,000	_	102,393		2,393
Total local sources		<u>7,934,578</u>		8,192,580	_	8,288,007		95,427
State sources								
Unrestricted								
Evidence based funding formula		2,005,489		2,227,989		2,227,989		-
Restricted								
Special education:								
Private facility tuition		50,000		50,000		46,199		(3,801)
Orphanage - individual		-		23,396		23,397		1
Technical Education - Tech Prep		1,000		1,000		-		(1,000)
State free lunch and breakfast		2,000		16,000		16,276		276
State library		2,500		1,040		1,043		3
Other		1,000		-		-		-
On behalf payments - State of Illinois					_	3,783,049		<u>3,783,049</u>
Total state sources		<u>2,061,989</u>		2,319,425		6,097,953		3,778,528
Federal sources								
Restricted								
Food service		700,000		628,287		577,491		(50 <i>,</i> 796)
Title I - low income		381,610		518,116		481,588		(36,528)
IDEA - flow through		240,690		376,280		416,976		40,696
Title IV - safe and drug free schools formula		23,667		51,643		8,303		(43 <i>,</i> 340)
IDEA - preschool flow-through		5,770		16,786		13,808		(2,978)
Title III - Immigrant Education Program (IEP)		5,000		-		5,000		5 <i>,</i> 000
Title III - Language Inst Program - Limited Eng		20,000		20,000		21,820		1,820
Title II - Teacher Quality		48,679		91,963		99,039		7,076
Medicaid admin outreach		30,000		30,000		22,263		(7,737)
Medicaid fee-for-service		50,000		50,000		55,379		5,379
Other		326,000		461,864		532,198		70,334
Total federal sources		<u>1,831,416</u>		2,244,939	_	2,233,865		(11,074)
Total revenues	1	<u>1,827,983</u>		<u>12,756,944</u>		<u>16,619,825</u>		<u>3,862,881</u>

	Educational					
	2022					
	Original	Variance with				
Year Ended June 30, 2022	Budget Final Budget Actual	Final Budget				
Expenditures						
Current operating						
Instruction						
Regular programs	\$ 5,733,644 \$ 5,874,586 \$ 9,640,03					
Special education programs	1,673,882 1,765,317 1,769,22					
Other programs	499,648 493,595 726,80	<u>55 (233,270</u>)				
Total instruction	7,907,174 8,133,498 12,136,08	<u>36 (4,002,588</u>)				
Support services						
Pupils	703,584 721,795 723,28	32 (1,487)				
Instructional staff	606,088 733,258 640,84	48 92,410				
General administration	671,231 769,002 797,19	90 (28,188)				
School administration	904,307 916,657 902,52	21 14,136				
Business	1,145,555 1,136,538 1,097,33	37 39,201				
Central	199,956 199,956 195,95	55 4,001				
Other	1,500 1,500	- 1,500				
Total support services	4,232,221 4,478,706 4,357,13	33 121,573				
Community services	32,628 7,455 1,00	6,395				
Payments to other governments	1,285,091 1,286,091 1,331,66	<u>68</u> (45,577)				
Total expenditures	13,457,114 13,905,750 17,825,94	<u>47</u> <u>(3,920,197</u>)				
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over (under) expenditures	<u>(1,629,131)</u> (1,148,806) (1,206,12	22)(57,316)				
Other Financing Sources						
Transfers in		0				
Total other financing sources		<u> </u>				
Net change in fund balance	<u>\$ (1,629,131</u>) <u>\$ 51,194</u> (6,12	22) <u>\$ (57,316</u>)				
Fund balances at beginning of year	11,582,13	<u>36</u>				
Fund balances at end of year	\$ <u>11,576,0</u> 2	<u>14</u>				

	Operations and Maintenance Account					
		Original				Variance with
Year Ended June 30, 2022		Budget	Final Budget		Actual	Final Budget
Revenues						
Local sources						
Property taxes	\$	921,089	\$ 929,089	\$	966,448	\$ 37,359
Rentals		155,000	155,000		155,155	155
Earnings on investments		10,000	3,000	_	8,968	5,968
Total local sources		1,086,089	1,087,089	_	1,130,571	43,482
State sources Unrestricted						
Evidence Based Funding Formula		4,800,000	5,658,741		5,658,748	7
Restricted						
Infrastructure		5,000	3,000	_	-	(3,000)
Total state sources		4,805,000	5,661,741	_	5,658,748	(2,993)
Federal sources						
Restricted						
Other		2,524,752	2,758,096		2,744,890	(13,206)
Total revenues received		8,415,841	9,506,926	_	9,534,209	27,283
Expenditures						
Current operating						
Support services						
Facility Acquisition & Construction Services		7,024,752	8,024,752		7,571,369	453,383
Operation and maintenance of plant services		2,272,772	1,858,040	_	1,701,330	156,710
Total expenditures disbursed		9,297,524	9,882,792	_	9,272,699	610,093
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over (under) expenditures		(881,683)	(375,866) _	261,510	637,376
Other Financing Sources						
Transfers in		26,000	19,500	_	19,500	<u> </u>
Total other financing sources		26,000	19,500	_	19,500	
Net change in fund balance	\$	(855,683)	<u>\$ (356,366</u>)	281,010	<u>\$ 637,376</u>
Fund balances at beginning of year					1,383,192	
Fund balances at end of year				\$	1,664,202	
				_		

	Working Cash Account						
			2022				
		Original			Variance with		
Year Ended June 30, 2022		Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Final Budget		
Revenues							
Local sources							
Property taxes	\$	84,104	\$ 84,504 \$	92,790	\$ 8,286		
Earnings on investments		15,000	10,000	26,502	16,502		
Total revenues received		99,104	94,504	119,292	24,788		
Other Financing (Uses)							
Transfers out		(15,000)	(10,000)	(10,000)	-		
		,	,,,	, ,			
Total other financing (uses)		(15,000)	(10,000)	(10,000)	-		
		<u> </u>					
Net change in fund balance	Ś	84,104	<u>\$ 84,504</u>	109,292	<u>\$ 24,788</u>		
	-	,=-			<u>+</u>		
Fund balances at beginning of year				1,849,656			
r and balances at beginning of year			-	1,0 10,000			
Fund balances at end of year			\$	1,958,948			
r und balances at cha of year			Ŷ	1,550,540			

	Tort Immunity Account 2022							
Year Ended June 30, 2022	Original Variance with Budget Final Budget Actual Final Budget							
Revenues Local sources								
Property taxes Earnings on investments	\$ 101,071 \$ 102,321 \$ 114,495 \$ 12,174 							
Total revenues received	103,071 103,521 117,566 14,045							
Expenditures Support services								
General administration	<u>125,914</u> <u>135,914</u> <u>125,231</u> <u>10,683</u>							
Total expenditures disbursed	<u> 125,914 135,914 125,231 10,683</u>							
Net change in fund balance	<u>\$ (22,843)</u> <u>\$ (32,393</u>) (7,665) <u>\$ 24,728</u>							
Fund balances at beginning of year	247,463							
Fund balances at end of year	\$ <u>239,798</u>							

Nonmajor Governmental Funds

Special Revenue Funds

To account for proceeds from specific revenue sources which are designated to finance expenditures for specific purposes, the District maintains the following Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds:

Transportation Fund - to account for activity relating to student transportation to and from school.

Municipal Retirement/Social Security Fund - to account for the District's portion of pension contributions to the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund and Social Security for non-certified employees.

Debt Service Fund

Debt service fund - to account for the accumulation of, resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal, interest and related costs.

Capital Projects Fund

Fire Prevention and Safety Fund - to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition, construction and/or additions related to qualifying fire prevention and safety projects.

Combining Balance Sheet - Modified Cash Basis

Nonmajor Governmental Funds

June 30, 2022	Transp	R ortation	Municipal etirement/Soci al Security	Debt Service Fund	Fire Prevention and Safety Fund	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
Assets			170.000	A 07.407		4 4 7 60 9 4 5
Cash and investments	Ş	<u>302,010</u> \$	473,083	\$ <u>37,197</u>	\$ <u>956,925</u>	<u>\$ </u>
Total assets	\$	<u>302,010</u> \$	473,083	\$ <u> </u>	\$ <u>956,925</u>	<u>\$ 1,769,215</u>
Fund balances Restricted for:						
Transportation	\$	302,010 \$	-	s -	\$-	\$ 302,010
Retirement	Ŧ	-	473,083	-	-	473,083
Debt service		-	-	37,197	-	37,197
Capital projects		<u> </u>	<u> </u>		956,925	956,925
Total fund balances	\$ <u></u>	<u>302,010</u> \$	473,083	\$ <u> </u>	\$ <u>956,925</u>	<u>\$ </u>

Combining Schedule of Revenues Received, Expenditures Disbursed and Changes In Fund Balances - Modified Cash Basis -Nonmajor Governmental Funds

Year Ended June 30, 2022	Transportation	Municipal Retirement/Social Security	Debt Service Fund	Fire Prevention and Safety Fund	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
Revenue Received					
Local sources	\$ 242,324	\$ 319,320	\$ 720,600	. ,	
State sources	117,330			50,000	167,330
Total revenues received	359,654	319,320	720,600	235,706	1,635,280
Expenditures Disbursed					
Current operating					
Instruction	-	160,259	-	-	160,259
Support Services	223,887	216,429	-	200,000	640,316
Debt service		·			<i>i</i>
Principal	-	-	276,136	-	276,136
Interest and other	-	-	424,264	-	424,264
Total expenditures disbursed	223,887	376,688	700,400	200,000	1,500,975
Excess of revenues received over					
(under) expenditures disbursed	135,767	(57,368)	20,200	35,706	134,305
Other financing (uses)					
Transfers out	(1,208,000)	(1,500)			(1,209,500)
Total other financing (uses)	(1,208,000)	(1,500)			(1,209,500)
	(, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	(======)			
Net changes in fund balances	(1,072,233)	(58,868)	20,200	35,706	(1,075,195)
Fund heleness at heringing of					
Fund balances at beginning of	1,374,243	E21 0F1	16 007	021 210	2 944 440
year	1,3/4,243	531,951	16,997	921,219	2,844,410
Fund balances at end of year	\$302,010	\$ <u>473,083</u>	\$ <u>37,197</u>	\$ <u>956,925</u>	<u>\$ </u>

			Transpor	rtatio	n Fund	
			2	2022		
	Or	riginal				Variance with
Year Ended June 30, 2022	Ві	udget	Final Budget	t	Actual	Final Budget
Revenues Received						
Local sources						
Property taxes	\$	152,022	\$ 154,222	2\$	221,237	\$ 67,015
Earnings on investments		8,000	8,000	<u> </u>	21,087	13,087
Total local sources		<u>160,022</u>	162,222	2	242,324	80,102
State sources						
Restricted						
Transportation		<u>175,000</u>	125,000	<u> </u>	117,330	(7,670)
Total state sources		<u>175,000</u>	125,000	<u> </u>	117,330	(7,670)
Total revenues received		<u>335,022</u>	287,222	2	359,654	72,432
Expenditures Disbursed						
Support services						
Transportation		<u>418,500</u>	213,000	<u> </u>	223,887	(10,887)
Total expenditures disbursed		<u>418,500</u>	213,000	<u> </u>	223,887	(10,887)
Excess of revenue over (under) expenditures		<u>(83,478</u>)	74,222	2	135,767	61,545
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Transfers out		(8,000)	(1,208,000	<u>)</u>	<u>(1,208,000</u>)	
Total other financing sources (uses)		(8,000)	(1,208,000	<u>)</u>	(1,208,000)	
Net change in fund balance	<u>\$</u>	<u>(91,478</u>)	<u>\$ (1,133,778</u>	<u>8</u>)	(1,072,233)	<u>\$ 61,545</u>
Fund balances at beginning of year					<u>1,374,243</u>	
Fund balances at end of year				\$	302,010	

	Mu	unicip	al Retirem	nent	Social Security		
)22	·	•	
	Original					Varia	ance with
Year Ended June 30, 2022	Budget	Fin	al Budget		Actual		l Budget
Revenues Received							
Local sources							
Property taxes	\$ 305,039	\$	307,539	\$	300,843	\$	(6,696)
Corporate personal property replacement taxes	1,500		3,325		10,811		7,486
Earnings on investments	 6,000		3,500	_	7,666		4,166
Total revenues received	 312,539		314,364		319,320		4,956
Expenditures Disbursed							
Current operating							
Instruction							
Regular programs	67,790		67,790		64,438		3,352
Special education programs	83,840		83,840		90,642		(6,802)
Other programs	5,832		5,832		5,179		653
Support services	-,		-,		-,		
Pupils	14,617		14,617		14,829		(212)
Instructional staff	3,906		3,906		3,081		825
General administration	14,637		17,278		21,770		(4,492)
School administration	33,838		33,838		33,948		(110)
Business	126,809		126,809		121,231		5,578
Central	21,877		21,877		21,570		307
Community services	283		283				283
Total expenditures disbursed	 373,429		376,070	_	376,688		(618)
Excess of revenue over (under) expenditures	(60,890))	(61,706)	1	(57,368)		4,338
Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
Transfers out	(3,000)		(1,500)		(1,500)		-
	 (3,000)		(1,500)	_	(1,500)		
Total other financing sources (uses)	 (3,000)		(1,500)	_	(1,500)		
Net change in fund balance	\$ (63,890)	<u>\$</u>	<u>(63,206</u>)		(58,868)	<u>\$</u>	4,338
Fund balances at beginning of year				_	531,951		
Fund balances at end of year				\$ <u></u>	473,083		

				vice Fund	
			20)22	
		Original			Variance with
Year Ended June 30, 2022		Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Final Budget
Revenues Received					
Local sources					
Property taxes	\$	725,000	\$ 730,000	\$ 720,602	\$ (9,398)
Earnings on investments	Ŧ	250	-	(2)	
5				<u>.</u>	, <u> </u>
Total revenues received	_	725,250	730,000	720,600	(9,400)
Expenditures Disbursed					
Current operating					
Debt service					
Principal		276,136	276,136	276,136	-
Interest		423,864	423,864	423,864	-
Other		400	400	400	
Total expenditures disbursed		700,400	700,400	700,400	<u> </u>
Net change in fund balance	<u>\$</u>	24,850	<u>\$ 29,600</u>	20,200	<u>\$ (9,400</u>)
Fund balances at beginning of year				16,997	
Fund balances at end of year				\$ <u> </u>	

	_		Fire	Prevention	and	Safety Fun	d
)22		
		Original					Variance with
Year Ended June 30, 2022		Budget	Fii	nal Budget		Actual	Final Budget
Revenues Received							
Local sources							
Property taxes	\$	123,207	\$	119,007	\$	172,044	\$ 53,037
Earnings on investments		-		5,000		13,662	8,662
Total local sources		123,207		124,007	_	185,706	61,699
State sources							
Restricted							
Other grants-in-aid		-		50,000		50,000	
Total state sources		-		50,000	_	50,000	
Total revenues received		123,207		174,007		235,706	61,699
Expenditures Disbursed							
Current operating							
Support services							
Facility acquistion and construction services							
Capital outlay		200,000		200,000		200,000	
Total expenditures disbursed		200,000		200,000	_	200,000	
		<i>.</i>		<i>.</i> ,			
Net change in fund balance	Ş	(76,793)	Ş	<u>(25,993</u>)		35,706	<u>\$ </u>
Fund balances at beginning of year					_	921,219	
Fund balances at end of year					\$	956,925	

Schedule of Assessed Valuations, Tax Extensions and Collections

Last Six Tax Levy Years

	2021	2020	2019	2018
Assessed Valuations	\$ <u>190,843,506</u>	<u>\$ 210,975,691</u>	<u>\$ 169,912,061</u>	<u>\$ 170,244,692</u>
Tax Rates:				
Educational	3.6926	3.2391	3.9107	4.3277
Special education	0.3778	0.3224	0.4000	0.4000
Operations and maintenance	0.5397	0.4433	0.5500	0.5500
Bond and interest	0.3851	0.3484	0.4326	0.4317
Transportation	0.0810	0.1465	0.2425	0.2269
Municipal retirement	0.0270	0.0488	0.0606	0.0605
Social security	0.1079	0.1221	0.0606	0.0605
Working cash	0.0500	0.0403	0.0500	0.0500
Tort immunity	0.0675	0.0488	0.0606	0.0605
Fire prevention and safety	0.0944	0.0806	0.1000	0.1000
Total	5.4230	4.8403	5.8676	6.2678
Tax Etensions:				
Educational	\$ 7,047,006	\$ 6,833,774	\$ 6,644,766	\$ 7,367,711
Special education	721,000	680,109	679,648	680,979
Operations and maintenance	1,030,000	935,150	934,516	936,346
Debt services	735,000	735,000	735,000	735,000
Transportation	154,500	309,000	412,000	386,250
Municipal retirement	51,500	103,000	103,000	103,000
Social security	206,000	257,500	103,000	103,000
Working cash	95,422	85,014	84,956	85,122
Tort immunity	128,750	103,000	103,000	103,000
Fire prevention and safety	180,250	170,027	169,912	170,245
Total	\$ <u>10,349,428</u>	<u>\$ 10,211,574</u>	<u>\$ 9,969,798</u>	<u>\$ 10,670,653</u>
Taxes collected	\$ <u>5,184,653</u>	<u>\$ 10,111,797</u>	<u>\$ 9,650,076</u>	<u>\$ 10,261,204</u>
Percent of Total Levy Collected	<u> </u>	99.02 %	96.79 %	96.16 %

2017	2016
<u>\$ 176,548,611</u>	<u>\$ 150,600,941</u>
4.1480	3.3711
0.3425	0.3853
0.4709	0.5298
0.4163	0.4880
0.1896	1.5028
0.0583	0.1026
0.0583	0.1197
0.0428	0.0482
0.1021	0.1368
0.0856	0.0968
5.9144	6.7811
\$ 7,323,151	\$ 5,076,975
604,648	580,226
831,391	797,810
735,000	735,000
334,750	2,263,228
103,000	154,000
103,000	180,250
75,581	72,528
180,250	206,000
151,162	145,056
<u>\$ 10,441,933</u>	<u>\$ 10,211,073</u>
<u>\$ 10,142,457</u>	<u>\$ 9,784,674</u>
97.13 %	95.82 %