# **Worth School District 127** Annual Financial Report June 30, 2019



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RSM US LLP

#### **Independent Auditor's Report**

Members of the Board of Education Worth School District 127 Worth, Illinois

#### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying modified cash basis financial statements of the governmental activities, the major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Worth School District 127 (the District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

# Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with the modified cash basis of accounting described in Note 1; this includes determining that the modified cash basis of accounting is an acceptable basis for the preparation of the basic financial statements in the circumstances. Management is also responsible for the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### **Auditor's Responsibility**

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the District's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### **Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective modified cash basis financial position of the governmental activities, the major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the District as of June 30, 2019, and the respective changes in the modified cash basis financial position for the year then ended in accordance with the modified cash basis of accounting described in Note 1.

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# **Basis of Accounting**

We draw attention to Note 1 of the financial statements, which describes the basis of accounting. The basic financial statements are prepared on the modified cash basis of accounting, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

#### **Other Matters**

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The accompanying supplemental information, such as the budgetary comparison information and combining and individual fund financial statements, schedule of assessed valuations, tax rates, extensions and collections, and schedule of debt service requirements and other information, such as management's discussion and analysis, the schedule of employer contributions, schedule of changes in net pension liabilities and related ratios and schedule of the employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability and the collective total OPEB liability are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The accompanying supplementary information is as listed in the table of contents the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the accompanying supplementary information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole on the basis of accounting described in Note 1.

The other information as listed on the table of contents has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 29, 2019, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

PSM US LLP

Chicago, Illinois October 29, 2019



Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A)

#### **Management's Discussion and Analysis**

The management's discussion and analysis of the Worth School District 127's (the District) annual financial report presents its discussion and analysis of the District's financial performance during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. Please read it in conjunction with the District's financial statements.

# **Financial Highlights**

- The assets of the District exceed its liabilities at the close of the fiscal year by \$22.8 million.
- In total, net position increased by \$3.5 million.
- General revenues were \$15.8 million or 91.4 percent of all revenue. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services and operating grants and contributions were \$1.5 million or 8.6 percent of total revenues of \$17.3 million.
- Overall, there was a surplus of revenues over expenditures and other financing sources (uses) of \$1.72 million in the Governmental Funds, which consisted of a surplus of revenues over expenditures and other financing sources of \$1.53 million in the General Fund (Education, Operations and Maintenance, Tort Immunity and Working Cash Accounts), and a surplus of \$188 thousand in the Nonmajor Governmental Funds (Transportation, Municipal Retirement/Social Security, Fire Prevention and Safety Fund and Debt Service Fund).

#### **Overview of the Financial Statements**

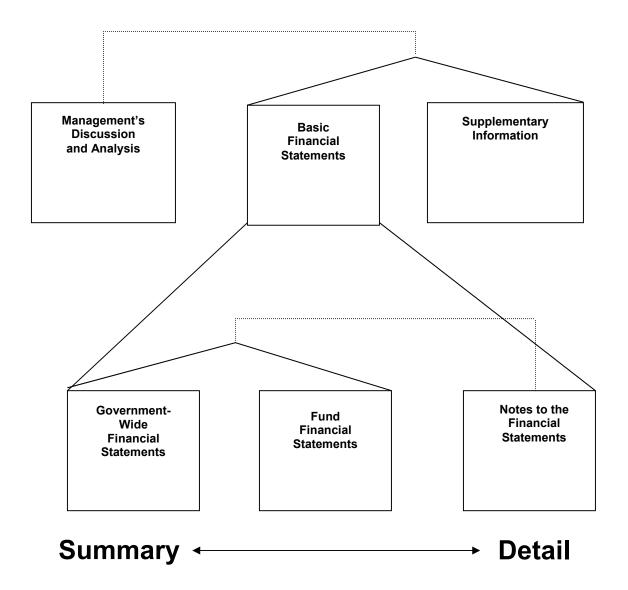
This annual report consists of three parts: Management's Discussion and Analysis (this section), the Basic Financial Statements, and Other Information. The Basic Financial Statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the District:

- The first two-statements are *government-wide financial statements* that provide both *short-term* and *long-term* information about the District's *overall* financial status.
- The remaining statements are *fund financial statements* that focus on *individual parts* of the District, reporting the District's operations in *more detail* than the district-wide statements.
- The *governmental funds statements* tell how basic services such as regular and special education were financed in the *short-term* as well as what remains for future spending.
- Fiduciary funds statements provide information about the financial relationships in which the District acts solely as a *trustee* or *agent* for the benefit of others.

The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the statements and provide more detailed data. The statements are followed by a section of other information that further explains and supports the financial statements.

Figure A-1 shows how the various parts of this annual report are arranged and related to one another.

Figure A-1
Organization of Worth School District 127's Annual Financial Report



This report also contains other information in addition to the basic financial statements.

#### Management's Discussion and Analysis

#### **Government-Wide Statements**

The government-wide statements report information about the District as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The statement of net position includes all of the District's assets and liabilities. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities when cash is received or paid.

The two government-wide statements report the District's *net position* and how it has changed. Net position – the difference between the District's assets and liabilities – is one way to measure the District's financial health or *position*.

- Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position are an indicator of whether its financial position is improving or deteriorating, respectively.
- To assess the District's overall health, you need to consider additional non-financial factors such
  as changes in the District's property tax base and the condition of school buildings and other
  facilities.

In the government-wide financial statements, the District's activities are all categorized as *Governmental activities*. All of the District's basic services are included here, such as regular and special education, transportation, and administration. Property taxes and state aid finance most of these activities.

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

The District's fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the District's funds, focusing on its most significant or "major" funds – not the District as a whole. Funds are accounting devices the District uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending on particular programs:

- Some funds are required by state law and by bond covenants.
- The District establishes other funds to control and manage money for particular purposes (such as repaying its long-term debts) or to show that it is properly using certain revenues.

The District has two categories of funds:

- Governmental funds: Most of the District's basic services are included in governmental funds, which generally focus on (1) how cash and other financial assets can readily be converted to cash flow in and out and (2) the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. Consequently, the governmental funds statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the District's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the District-wide statements, additional information after each of the governmental funds statements explains the relationship (or differences) between them.
- Fiduciary funds: The District is the trustee, or fiduciary, for assets that belong to others, such as the student activities funds. The District is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used only for their intended purposes and by those to whom the assets belong. The District excludes these activities from the District-wide financial statements because it cannot use these assets to finance its operation.

#### **Management's Discussion and Analysis**

#### Financial Analysis of the District as a Whole

Net Position: The District's *combined* net position on June 30, 2019 and 2018 totaled \$22.8 million and \$19.3 million, respectively. (See Figure A-2).

Figure A-2		
	tement of Net Position e 30, 2019 and 2018	
	Governmer	ntal Activities
	2019	2018
Assets:		
Current and other assets	\$ 16,502,878	\$ 14,781,918
Capital assets	9,820,244	8,492,465
Total assets	26,323,122	23,274,383
Liabilities:		
Current Liabilities	709,289	709,289
Long-term liabilities	2,806,731	3,293,421
Total liabilities	3,516,020	4,002,710
Net position:		
Net investment in capital assets	8,234,607	8,492,465
Restricted	5,698,286	5,507,661
Unrestricted	8,874,209	5,271,547
Total net position	\$ 22,807,102	\$ 19,271,673

The District's financial position is the product of many factors. The continual increase in Evidence Based Funding (formerly General State Aid) for the 2019 fiscal year was the most significant contributor. Another factor is the Board of Education's continued determination to maintain a balanced budget. With an unknown level of state funding from year to year, the Board of Education has had to reallocate existing resources to meet its educational goals.

The District's total revenues were \$17.3 million. Taxes, Evidence Based Funding, and other general revenue were 91.4 percent of the total or \$15.8 million. General revenues increased by 6.1 percent over the prior year for a total increase of \$916 thousand. This increase can be mainly attributed to a greater allocation of Evidence Based Funding dollars and increase in property tax receipts.

State and federal aid for specific programs brought in nearly \$1.5 million of the total revenues, a decrease of \$462 thousand from the prior year. This amount slightly varies from year to year, depending on when grant dollars are vouchered and remitted for payment to the District.

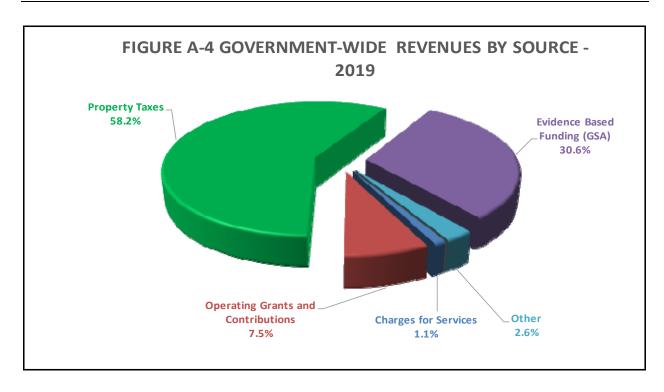
# **Management's Discussion and Analysis**

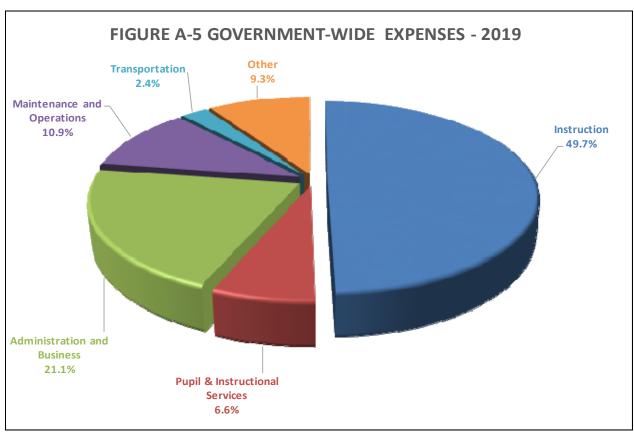
The total cost of all programs and services was \$13.8 million. The District's expenses are predominantly related to instruction and support services (caring for and transportation of students, etc.). These expenses accounted for 90.7 percent of the total (see Figure A-5).

The District's other activities were 9.3 percent of total costs.

Total revenues exceeded expenses, increasing net assets by \$3.5 million from the prior year.

Figure A-3		
Changes in Ne as of June 30, 20		
	Governme	ntal Activities
	2019	2018
Revenues:		
Program revenues:		
Charges for services	\$ 190,669	\$ 190,382
Operating grants and contributions	1,308,243	1,770,568
General revenues:		
Property taxes	10,006,201	9,782,919
Personal property replacement taxes	74,230	68,616
Evidence Based Funding	5,312,231	4,838,905
Other	447,017	233,423
Total revenues	17,338,591	16,884,813
Expenses:		
Instruction	6,859,989	6,728,784
Pupil and instructional services	912,533	794,876
Administration and business	2,900,428	2,847,281
Operations and maintenance	1,506,605	1,806,078
Transportation	335,340	331,935
Other	1,288,267	1,515,436
Total expenses	13,803,162	14,024,390
Change in net position	3,535,429	2,860,423
Net position:		
Beginning	19,271,673	16,411,250
Ending	\$ 22,807,102	\$ 19,271,673





#### **Management's Discussion and Analysis**

#### **Governmental Activities**

Revenues for the District's governmental activities were \$17.3 million in fiscal year 2019. Total cost of services in 2019 was \$13.8 million. Net position increased \$3.5 million in 2019.

The stable health of the District's finances can be credited to a solid real estate tax base, increased Evidence Based Funding (formerly General State Aid) and budgetary controls put in place by the Board of Education.

Figure A-6 presents the cost of the District's activities: Instruction, Pupil and Instructional Services, Administration and Business, Operations and Maintenance, and Other. The table also shows each activity's *net cost* (total cost less fees generated by the activities and intergovernmental aid provided for specific programs). The net cost shows the financial burden placed on the District's taxpayers by each of these functions.

Figure A-6  Net Cost of Governmental Activities								
	-	otal Cost f Services 2019		Net Cost of Services 2019		Total Cost of Services 2018		Net Cost of Services 2018
Instruction	\$	6,859,989	\$	6,127,442	\$	6,728,784	\$	5,526,195
Pupil and instructional services	Ψ	912,533	*	912,533	Ψ	794,876	Ψ	794,876
Administration and business		2,900,428		2,360,834		2,847,281		2,330,987
Operations and maintenance		1,506,605		1,506,605		1,806,078		1,806,078
Central		21,649		12,264		23,447		20,047
Transportation		335,340		117,954		331,935		93,268
Other		1,266,618		1,266,618		1,491,989		1,491,989
TOTAL		\$13,803,162		\$12,304,250		\$14,024,390		\$12,063,440

- The cost of all *governmental* activities this year was \$13.8 million.
- Some of the cost was financed by the users of the District's programs (\$0.2 million).
- The federal and state governments subsidized certain programs with grants and contributions (\$1.3 million).
- Most of the District's costs, however, were financed by District taxpayers (\$12.3 million).

# **Financial Analysis of the District's Funds**

The financial performance of the District as a whole resulted in an increase in fund balance. As the District completed the year, its governmental funds reported an increase in fund balances of \$1.7 million.

The General Fund increased its fund balance by nearly \$1.5 million to a fund balance of \$14.2 million as of June 30, 2019 from a fund balance of nearly \$12.7 million as of June 30, 2018. This is directly related to an increase in Evidence Based Funding in the current year.

#### **Management's Discussion and Analysis**

# **General Fund Budgetary Highlights**

The District's final budget for the General Fund anticipated that expenditures would exceed revenues by \$721 thousand after other financing sources (uses). The actual result for the year was more positive than expected, ending with a gain of almost \$1.5 million. The variance is mostly attributable to construction in progress, in which the major summer construction projects committed but not yet complete accounted for \$1.4 million in payments due upon completion in August 2019.

# **Capital Asset and Debt Administration**

#### Capital Assets

By the end of 2019, the District had invested \$17.5 million (before accumulated depreciation of \$7.7 million) in a broad range of capital assets, including school buildings, computer equipment, audiovisual equipment and administrative offices. (See Figure A-7.) (More detailed information about capital assets can be found in Note 4 to the financial statements.) There were capital asset additions of \$1.7 million in 2019. Depreciation expense for the year was \$0.3 million.

Figure A-7										
Capital Assets (Net of Accumulated Depreciation)										
	2019 2018									
Land	\$	110,334	\$	110,334						
Construction in Progress		5,398		360,932						
Buildings and Improvements		9,113,279		7,391,288						
Furniture and Equipment		591,233		629,911						
Total Capital Assets	\$	9,820,244	\$	8,492,465						

#### **Management's Discussion and Analysis**

#### **Long-Term Debt**

At year-end, the District had \$3.5 million in long-term debt outstanding – as shown in Figure A-8. During the year, the District retired \$0.7 million of long-term debt and increased \$0.2 million in accreted interest. (More detailed information about the District's long-term liabilities is presented in Note 5 to the financial statements.)

Figure A-8	Long-Term Liabilities						
	2019	2018					
Capital Appreciation Bonds	\$ 3,506,731	\$ 3,993,421					
Total Long-Term Liabilities	\$ 3,506,731	\$ 3,993,421					

- The District continued to stay well below its legal debt margin.
- The state limits the amount of general obligation debt the District can issue to 6.9 percent of the assessed value of all taxable property within the District's limits. Outstanding debt is significantly below the current limit of \$11.7 million.

# **Factors Bearing on the District's Future**

At the time these financial statements were prepared and audited, the District was aware of the following existing circumstances that could significantly affect its financial health in the future.

- The Evidence Based Funding Model is now a few years old. After the second year of the new model, the district received the same amount of funding as the prior year's Evidence Based Funding plus an increase for Tier I Funding, as promised. This directly affects Worth School District 127 and the amount of money distributed by the state, as well as the way property taxes are levied. These two revenue sources are the largest sources for the district and greatly affect the district's financial situation.
- Property Taxes for the 2017 Levy year eliminated the limiting rate of \$3.50 for the Education Fund.
  After two years of relief of this restriction, the District has found significant flexibility in levying
  property tax dollars for the fund greatest in need, although the total amount available for the levy is
  still limited by CPI or 5 percent, whichever is less.
- The "Pension Cost Shift" and "Property Tax Freeze" are still looming. As the State of Illinois continues to try to reduce costs, it is believed that the State's pension obligation will soon become the burden of the local school districts. The law that previously limited the annual increase in TRS Creditable earnings for certified staff to 3 percent (from 6 percent previously for those expecting to retire within four years) has been eliminated. The limitation is back to 6 percent. Furthermore, Public Act 100-0023 requires school districts to pay for a portion of the cost of a TRS member's pension if that member's salary is greater than the governor's statutory salary, which is currently \$177,500.

# **Contacting the District's Financial Management**

This financial report is designed to provide the District's citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact Worth School District 127, Worth, Illinois.



Government-Wide Financial Statements (GWFS)

# Statement of Net Position - Modified Cash Basis June 30, 2019

	Governmental Activities
Assets	
Cash and investments	\$ 16,502,878
Capital assets not being depreciated	115,732
Capital assets being depreciated, net	9,704,512
Total assets	\$ 26,323,122
Liabilities and Net Position	
Liabilities:	
Long-term obligations, due within one year:	
Capital appreciation bonds	\$ 700,000
Long-term obligations, due in more than one year:	
Capital appreciation bonds	2,806,731
Other liabilities	9,289
Total liabilities	3,516,020
Net position:	
Net investment in capital assets	8,234,607
Restricted for:	
Operations and maintenance	3,165,682
Tort immunity	280,992
Transportation	624,043
Retirement benefits	783,124
Debt service	184
Capital projects	844,261
Unrestricted	8,874,209
Total net position	22,807,102
Total liabilities and net position	\$ 26,323,122

Worth School District 127

Statement of Activities - Modified Cash Basis
Year Ended June 30, 2019

				Program	Reve	enues	ا	let (Expense), Revenue and Changes in Net Position
						Operating		
			(	Charges for		Grants and	(	Governmental
Functions/Programs		Expenses		Services	С	ontributions		Activities
Governmental activities:								
Instruction:								
Regular programs	\$	5,261,008	\$	50,884	\$	79,925	\$	(5,130,199)
Special programs		1,591,426		-		600,914		(990,512)
Other instructional programs		7,555		-		824		(6,731)
Support services:								
Pupils		610,050		-		-		(610,050)
Instructional staff		302,483		-		-		(302,483)
General administration		610,188		-		-		(610,188)
School administration		804,155		-		-		(804,155)
Business		1,486,085		130,400		409,194		(946,491)
Operations and maintenance		1,506,605		-		-		(1,506,605)
Central		21,649		9,385		-		(12,264)
Transportation		335,340		-		217,386		(117,954)
Community services		26,162		-		-		(26,162)
Payments to other governments		1,026,346		-		-		(1,026,346)
Interest and charges		214,110		-		-		(214,110)
Total governmental activities	\$	13,803,162	\$	190,669	\$	1,308,243		(12,304,250)
General revenues: Taxes:								
Property taxes, general purposes								9,310,542
Property taxes, debt service								695,659
Corporate property replacement taxes								74,230
Unrestricted state aid								5,312,231
Investment earnings								447,017
Total general revenues								15,839,679
Not monition.	Ch	ange in net pos	ition					3,535,429
Net position: July 1, 2018								19,271,673
June 30, 2019							\$	22,807,102



**Worth School District 127** 

# Balance Sheet - Modified Cash Basis Governmental Funds June 30, 2019

	Major Fund	_			
		_	Nonmajor		Total
	General	G	overnmental	Governmental	
	Fund		Funds		Funds
Assets					_
Cash and investments	\$ 14,251,266	\$	2,251,612	\$	16,502,878
Liabilities and Fund Balances					
Liabilities	\$ 9,289	\$	-	\$	9,289
Fund balances:					
Restricted for:					
Operations and maintenance	3,165,682		-		3,165,682
Tort immunity	280,992		-		280,992
Transportation	-		624,043		624,043
Retirement benefits	-		783,124		783,124
Debt service	-		184		184
Capital projects	-		844,261		844,261
Unassigned	10,795,303		-		10,795,303
Total fund balances	 14,241,977		2,251,612		16,493,589
Total liabilities and					
fund balances	\$ 14,251,266	\$	2,251,612	\$	16,502,878

# Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position - Modified Cash Basis June 30, 2019

Total fund balances - governmental funds	\$ 16,493,589
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:  Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	9,820,244
Some liabilities reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as liabilities in governmental funds. These liabilities consist of:  Capital appreciation bonds	(3,506,731)
Net position of governmental activities	\$ 22,807,102

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Modified Cash Basis Governmental Funds Year Ended June 30, 2019

Year Ended June 30, 2019		Major Fund	_			
		General Fund		Nonmajor Governmental Funds	C	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues:	•	0.000.700	•	4 0 4 0 4 0 0	•	10 000 001
Property taxes	\$	8,692,793	\$	1,313,408	\$	10,006,201
Corporate property		70.404		4 000		74.000
replacement taxes		73,131		1,099		74,230
Charges for services		190,669		-		190,669
Unrestricted state aid		5,312,231		-		5,312,231
Restricted state aid		96,330		217,386		313,716
Restricted federal aid		994,527		-		994,527
Interest		383,051		63,966		447,017
Total revenues		15,742,732		1,595,859		17,338,591
Expenditures: Current:						
Instruction:						
Regular programs		4,977,667		63,486		5,041,153
Special programs		1,471,189		64,594		1,535,783
Other instructional programs		7,257		23		7,280
Support services:		.,				.,
Pupils		567,811		20,136		587,947
Instructional staff		289,451		2,557		292,008
General administration		684,163		15,943		700,106
School administration		740,586		31,788		772,374
Business		1,186,524		43,829		1,230,353
Operations and maintenance		1,431,627		96,649		1,528,276
Transportation		-,,		321,736		321,736
Central		_		20,688		20,688
Community services		25,077		298		25,375
Payments to other governments  Debt service:		1,026,346		-		1,026,346
Principal Principal		_		319,018		319,018
Interest and charges		_		381,782		381,782
Capital outlay		1,827,406		001,702		1,827,406
Total expenditures		14,235,104		1,382,527		15,617,631
		,,		.,,		,,
Excess of revenues		1 507 609		242 222		1 720 060
over expenditures		1,507,628		213,332		1,720,960
Other financing sources (uses):						
Transfers in		50,000		-		50,000
Transfers (out)		(25,000)		(25,000)		(50,000)
Total other financing sources (uses)		25,000		(25,000)		-
Change in						
fund balances		1,532,628		188,332		1,720,960
Fund balances:						
July 1, 2018		12,709,349		2,063,280		14,772,629
June 30, 2019	\$	14,241,977	\$	2,251,612	\$	16,493,589

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances
to the Statement of Activities - Modified Cash Basis
Year Ended June 30, 2019

Net change in fund balances—total governmental funds	\$ 1,720,960
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures while governmental activities report depreciation expense to allocate those expenditures over	
the lives of the assets. These are the amounts in the current period	(0.4-000)
Depreciation	(345,902)
Capital Outlay	1,673,681
Accreted interest on capital appreciation bonds is not reported in the governmental fund, however, it results in an increase in long-term liabilities on the statement of net position.	(213,310)
Repayment of principal on long-term debt is an expenditure in the governmental funds,	
but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.	
General obligation bond principal retirement	700,000
Ochoral obligation bond principal retirement	 700,000
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ 3,535,429
	 -,,

# Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities - Modified Cash Basis Agency Fund June 30, 2019

	A	Agency	
	S	Student	
	Α	Activity	
		Fund	
Assets, cash	\$	77,185	
Liabilities, due to activity fund organizations	\$	77,185	

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

#### Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

#### **Nature of Operations**

Worth School District 127 (the District) operates as a public school system governed by an elected sevenmember board. The District is organized under The School Code of the State of Illinois, as amended. The District serves the community of Worth.

The accounting policies of the District conform to the modified cash basis of accounting, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applicable to governments. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

The following is a summary of the more significant accounting policies:

#### **Financial Reporting Entity**

As defined by generally accepted accounting principles established by the GASB, the financial reporting entity consists of the primary government, as well as component units, which are legally separate organizations for which elected officials of the primary government are financially accountable. Financial accountability is defined as:

- 1) Appointment of a voting majority of the component unit's board, and either a) the ability to impose will by the primary government, or b) the possibility that the component unit will provide a financial benefit to or impose a financial burden on the primary government; or
- 2) Fiscal dependency on the primary government and the possibility that the component unit will provide a financial benefit to or impose a financial burden on the primary government.

Financial benefit or financial burden is created if any one of the following relationships exists:

- 1) The primary government is legally entitled to or has access to the component unit's resources.
- 2) The primary government is legally required or has assumed the obligation to finance the deficits of, provide support to, the component unit.
- 3) The primary government is obligated in some manner for the other component unit's debt.

Based upon the application criteria, no component units have been included within the reporting entity.

Government-Wide Financial Statements (GWFS): The government-wide Statement of Net Position - Modified Cash Basis and Statement of Activities - Modified Cash Basis report the overall financial activity of the District. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities of the District. The financial activities of the District consist of governmental activities, which are primarily supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues.

The Statement of Net Position – modified cash basis presents the District's non-fiduciary assets and liabilities with the difference reported as net position.

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

# Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

The Statement of Activities - Modified Cash Basis demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function (i.e., instruction, support services, etc.) are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include (a) charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs (including fines and fees), and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Fiduciary funds are excluded from the government-wide financial statements.

**Fund Financial Statements:** Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and fiduciary (agency) funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. The fund financial statements provide information about the District's funds. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on the major governmental fund, displayed in a separate column. The remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor governmental funds. Additionally, the District administers an agency fund that is used to account for assets held by the District in an agency capacity. These funds are held on behalf of the students of the District.

The District administers the following major governmental fund:

**General Fund** – This is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the District, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

# **Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting**

Measurement focus is a term used to describe "how" transactions are recorded within the various financial statements. Basis of accounting refers to "when" transactions are recorded regardless of the measurement focus applied.

#### **Measurement Focus**

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position - Modified Cash Basis and the Statement of Activities - Modified Cash Basis, governmental activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus. The accounting objectives of this measurement focus are the determination of operating income, changes in net position (or cost recovery), and financial position. All assets, deferred outflows of resources and liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources (whether current or noncurrent, financial, or nonfinancial) are reported within the limitations of the modified cash basis of accounting. Equity is classified as net position.

In the fund financial statements, the "current financial resources" measurement focus, as applied to the modified cash basis of accounting, is used. Under a "current financial resources" measurement focus, only current financial assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources are generally included on the balance sheet. The operating statement presents sources and uses of available spendable financial resources during a given period. The funds use fund balance as their measure of available spendable financial resource at the end of the period.

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

# Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

# Basis of Accounting

In the government-wide and the fund financial statements, governmental activities are presented using a modified cash basis of accounting. This basis recognizes assets, liabilities, deferred inflows and outflows of resources, net position/fund equity, revenues, and expenditures/expenses when they result from cash transactions with a provision for depreciation, capital assets and debt related activity. This basis is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

As a result of the use of a modified cash basis of accounting, certain assets and their related revenues (such as accounts receivable and revenue for billed or provided services not yet collected) and certain liabilities and their related expenses (such as accounts payable and expenses for goods or services received but not yet paid, and accrued expenses and liabilities) are not recorded in these financial statements.

If the District utilized the basis of accounting recognized as generally accepted, the fund financial statements for governmental funds would use the modified accrual basis of accounting and all government-wide financials would be presented on the accrual basis of accounting.

#### **Significant Accounting Policies**

#### Cash and Investments

Cash and investments consist of pooled cash and investments held by the Worth Township Trustees which are reported at cost.

# Interfund Receivables, Payables, and Activity

The District has the following types of transactions between funds:

**Loans** – amounts provided with a requirement for repayment. Interfund loans are reported as due from other funds in lender funds and due to other funds in borrower funds for short-term borrowings and advances to other funds in lender funds and advances from other funds in borrower funds for long-term borrowings. Amounts are eliminated in the government-wide Statement of Net Position - Modified Cash Basis.

**Reimbursements** – repayments from the funds responsible for particular expenditures or expenses to the funds that initially paid for them. Reimbursements are reported as expenditures in the reimbursing fund and as a reduction of expenditures in the reimbursed fund.

**Transfers** – flows of assets (such as cash or goods) without equivalent flows of assets in return and without a requirement for repayment. In governmental funds, transfers are reported as other financing uses in the funds making transfers and as other financing sources in the funds receiving transfers.

#### Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include land, buildings and improvements, and furniture and equipment, are reported in the Statement of Net Position - Modified Cash Basis. Capital assets are defined as assets with an initial individual cost of more than \$5,000, and an estimated useful life of greater than one year. Additions or improvements that significantly extend the useful life of an asset, or that significantly increase the capacity of an asset are capitalized. Expenditures for asset acquisitions and improvements are stated as capital outlay expenditures in the governmental funds.

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

#### Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

These assets have been valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated assets are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of donation.

The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the assets' lives are not capitalized.

Depreciation of capital assets is recorded in the Statement of Activities – modified cash basis with accumulated depreciation reflected in the Statement of Net Position – modified cash basis and is provided on the straight-line basis over the following estimated useful lives:

Buildings and improvements 40 years Furniture and equipment 3 - 15 years

#### Compensated Absences

Certified employees working less than 12 months a year do not earn vacation days; however, noncertified, full-time employees earn vacation days which are accumulated.

All full-time employees receive 12 to 15 sick days and all other noncertified employees may receive up to 10 sick days per year with unlimited accumulation. These accumulated sick days do not vest; however, certified employees who retire are to receive payment of \$50 per day for accumulated days in excess of those applied toward retirement credit under the Teachers' Retirement System.

# Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt is reported as a liability. Bond premiums and discounts are capitalized and amortized over the life of the respective bonds using a method that approximates the effective interest method.

In the fund financial statements, bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are recognized in the period the bonds are issued. Bond proceeds as well as bond premiums or discounts are reported as another financing source. Issuance costs, even if withheld from the actual net proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

#### **Net Position**

The District's Statement of Net Position presents the District's non-fiduciary assets and liabilities with the difference reported in three categories:

**Net investment in capital assets** consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by outstanding balances for bonds and deferred outflows of resources that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.

**Restricted net position** result when constraints placed on net position use are either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, and the like, or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

**Unrestricted net position** consists of net position that do not meet the criteria of the two preceding categories.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first to finance qualifying activities, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

# Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### Fund Balance

Within the governmental fund types, the District's fund balances are reported in one of the following classifications:

**Nonspendable** – includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either: a) not in spendable form; or b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. At June 30, 2019, the District has no nonspendable fund balance amounts.

**Restricted** – includes amounts that are restricted to specific purposes, that is, when constraints placed on the use of resources are either: a) externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

**Committed** – includes amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the District's highest level of decision-making authority. Committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the District removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action it employed to previously commit those amounts. The District's highest level of decision-making authority rests with the District's Board of Education. The District passes formal resolutions to commit their fund balances. At June 30, 2019 the District has no committed fund balance amounts.

**Assigned** – includes amounts that are constrained by the District's *intent* to be used for specific purposes, but that are neither restricted nor committed. Intent is expressed by: a) the District's Board of Education itself; or b) a body or official to which the Board of Education has delegated the authority to assign amounts to be used for specific purposes. The District's Board of Education has not authorized any other body or official to assign amounts for a specific purpose within the General Fund. Within the other governmental fund types (special revenue, debt service, capital projects) resources are assigned in accordance with the established fund purpose and approved budget/appropriation. Residual fund balances in these fund types that are not restricted or committed are reported as assigned. Within these same funds, a residual deficit, if any, is reported as unassigned. At June 30, 2019, the District has no assigned fund balances.

**Unassigned** – includes the residual fund balance that has not been restricted, committed or assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the General Fund.

It is the District's policy to consider restricted resources to have been spent first when an expenditure is incurred for which both restricted and unrestricted (i.e., committed, assigned or unassigned) fund balances are available, followed by committed and then assigned fund balances. Unassigned amounts are used only after the other resources have been used.

The General Fund includes the Working Cash stabilization account. Under the State of Illinois School Code (School Code), the District is authorized to incur indebtedness and issue bonds and to levy a tax annually on all taxable property of the District in order to enable the District to have in its treasury at all times sufficient money to meet demands thereon. These working cash funds may be lent to other District governmental funds in need, but may only be expended for other purposes upon the passage of a resolution by the Board of Education to abolish the funds to the educational account, of the General Fund, or abate the fund to any fund of the District most in need. At June 30, 2019, the District had working cash stabilization fund balances of \$1,668,632 that have been classified as unassigned fund balances in the General Fund.

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

# Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### **Property Taxes**

Property taxes are levied each year on all taxable real property in the District on or before the last Tuesday in December. The 2018 tax levy was passed by the Board of Education on December 12, 2018, and attached as an enforceable lien on the property as of the preceding January 1. The taxes become due and collectible in March and September 2019, and are collected by the county collector, who in turn remits to the District its respective share. The District receives the remittances from the county treasurer approximately one month after collection. Property taxes are recorded upon receipt.

The Property Tax Extension Limitation Law imposes mandatory property tax limitations on the ability of taxing districts in Illinois to raise revenues through unlimited property tax increases. The increase in property tax extensions is limited to the lesser of 5 percent or the percentage increase in the Consumer Price Index for all Urban Consumers. The limitation includes taxes levied for purposes without a statutory maximum rate. The amount of the limitation may be adjusted for new property added or annexed to the tax base or due to vote approved increases.

#### Eliminations and Reclassifications

In the process of aggregating data for the government-wide Statement of Activities - Modified Cash Basis, some amounts reported as interfund activity and interfund balances in the funds were eliminated or reclassified.

#### Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with the modified cash basis of accounting requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

# Note 2. Budgets and Budgetary Information

Annual budgets are adopted for all funds. These budgets are adopted on a modified cash basis of accounting. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end.

On or before July 1 of each year, the Superintendent is to submit for review by the Board of Education a proposed budget for the school year commencing on that date. After reviewing the proposed budget, the Board of Education holds public hearings and a final budget must be prepared and adopted no later than October 1.

The appropriate budget is prepared by fund and by function. The General Fund is further detailed by account (Education, Operations and Maintenance, Working Cash and Tort Immunity). The Board of Education may make transfers between functions within a fund not exceeding in the aggregate 10 percent of the total of such fund, and may amend the total budget following the same procedures required to adopt the original budget. The legal level of budgetary control is at the fund level.

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

#### Note 3. Cash and Investments

Substantially all cash and investments are deposits and investments maintained in pooled accounts held in the name of the Worth Township Trustees.

# Deposits

State statutes authorize the District to make deposits directly or through its Township Trustees in interest bearing depository accounts in federally insured and/or state chartered banks, savings and loan associations and credit unions. As of June 30, 2019, the District had deposits with federally insured financial institutions of \$5,000 with bank balances totaling \$3,980. Additionally, the Activity Fund Organizations, presented within the financial statements as an agency fund, had deposits with federally insured financial institutions of \$77,185 with bank balances totaling \$88,432.

Custodial credit risk – deposits. Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Trustee's deposits may not be returned to it. The District's policy is to have all bank balances fully insured or collateralized. As of June 30, 2019, none of the District's bank balances were exposed to custodial credit risk.

#### Investments

As of June 30, 2019, the District had the following investments:

Investment Type	Cost
Pooled cash and investments held by the	
Worth Township Trustees	\$ 16,497,878

Of the total pooled cash and investments held by the Worth Township Trustees, maturities are approximately as follows: less than one year (16.53 percent), one to five years (45.58 percent), 6 to 10 years (36.12 percent) and greater than 10 years (1.77 percent). The pooled accounts hold the following types of investments: U.S. Treasury Securities, Federal National Mortgage Association (FNMA), Federal Home Loan Bank (FHLB), Federal Farm Credit Bank (FFCB), Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation (Freddie Mac), Federal Agriculture Mortgage Corporation (FAMC), Government National Mortgage Association (Ginnie Mae), Illinois School District Liquid Asset Fund Plus (ISDLAF+), Illinois Funds, Illinois Institutional Investors Trust, Municipal Bonds, Commercial paper, Money Market Mutual Funds and Money Market Accounts.

*Interest rate risk*. The District's investment policy states the investment portfolio shall provide sufficient liquidity to pay District obligations as they become due. In this regard, maturity and marketability of investments shall be considered.

*Credit risk.* State statutes authorize the District to invest directly or through its Township Trustees in direct obligations of, or obligations guaranteed by, the United States Treasury or agencies of the United States and short-term obligations of corporations organized in the United States with assets exceeding \$500,000,000.

The District is also authorized to invest directly or through its Township Trustees in the Illinois School District Liquid Asset Fund Plus and the Illinois Funds, which invests member deposits, on a pooled basis, primarily in short-term certificates of deposit and in high-rated, short-term obligations of major United States corporations and banks.

# Note 3. Cash and Investments (Continued)

Concentration of credit risk. The District's investment policy requires that the investment portfolio is diversified as to investments, as appropriate to the nature, purpose, and amounts of the funds. The policy does not limit the investments in any single issuer.

Custodial credit risk – investments. For an investment, this is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. Information related to the interest rate risk, custodial credit risk, credit risk, and concentration of credit risk of the other cash and investments held by the Worth Township Trustees can be obtained from the Worth Township Trustees at 10720 South Kenton, Oak Lawn, Illinois 60453, which issues a financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. This report can also be obtained online at <a href="https://www.worthtst.org/Public Documents.html">www.worthtst.org/Public Documents.html</a>.

The above deposits and investments are presented in the basic financial statements as cash and investments as follows:

Statement of Net Position (GWFS) Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets (FFS)	\$ 16,502,878 77,185
	\$ 16,580,063

# Note 4. Capital Assets

Capital asset balances and activity for the year ended June 30, 2019, is as follows:

	Balance July 1, 2018 Additions			Retirements		Balance June 30, 2019		
Governmental activities:	Jui	y 1, 2016	•	Additions	Ne	elirerrierits .	Ju	ine 30, 2019
Capital assets not being depreciated,	Φ.	440.004	Φ		Φ.		Φ.	440.004
Land Construction in progress	\$	110,334 360,932	\$	5,400	\$	360,934	\$	110,334 5,398
Total capital assets		,				,		
not being depreciated		471,266		5,400		360,934		115,732
Capital assets being depreciated:								
Buildings and improvements	1:	2,008,655		1,897,867		-		13,906,522
Furniture and equipment		3,412,821		131,348		-		3,544,169
Total capital assets	4	F 404 476		2 020 245				17 450 604
being depreciated	1;	5,421,476		2,029,215				17,450,691
Less accumulated depreciation:								
Buildings and improvements	4	4,617,367		175,876		-		4,793,243
Furniture and equipment		2,782,910		170,026		-		2,952,936
Total accumulated depreciation		7,400,277		345,902		_		7,746,179
шор. оснава.		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		,				.,,
Capital assets being depreciated, net		8,021,199		1,683,313		-		9,704,512
Governmental activities								
Capital assets, net	\$ 8	8,492,465	\$	1,688,713	\$	360,934	\$	9,820,244

# **Notes to Financial Statements**

# Note 4. Capital Assets (Continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental activities as follows:

Instruction:	
Regular programs	\$ 152,210
Special programs	38,523
Other instructional programs	190
Support services:	
Pupils	15,302
Instructional staff	7,252
General administration	16,812
School administration	22,004
Business	41,976
Operations and maintenance	41,005
Transportation	9,418
Central	665
Community services	545
	\$ 345,902

# Note 5. Long-Term Debt

General long-term debt obligations as of June 30, 2019, and a summary of activity for the year then ended are as follows:

	 Capital Appreciation Bonds	
Balance, July 1, 2018 Bonds retired Accreted interest	\$ 3,993,421 (700,000) 213,310	
Balance, June 30, 2019	\$ 3,506,731	
Amounts due within one year	\$ 700,000	

# Note 5. Long-Term Debt (Continued)

Interest rates range from 5.67 percent to 9.00 percent on the outstanding bonds. As of June 30, 2019, the future annual debt service requirements on the outstanding debt are as follows:

Year	Capital						
Ending	Appreciation Bonds				_		
June 30,	Principal			Interest	Total		
2020	\$	307,268	\$	392,732	\$	700,000	
2021		295,467		404,533		700,000	
2022		276,136		423,864		700,000	
2023		258,152		441,848		700,000	
2024		241,058		458,942		700,000	
2025		207,556		437,444		645,000	
		1,585,637		2,559,363		4,145,000	
Accumulated Accretion		1,921,094		(1,921,094)		-	
	\$	3,506,731	\$	638,269	\$	4,145,000	

The balance of capital appreciation bonds includes accreted interest in the amount of \$1,921,094 at June 30, 2019.

The District's estimated legal debt limitation of \$11,746,884 based on 6.9 percent of the 2018 equalized assessed valuation of \$170,244,692 less outstanding debt of \$1,585,637, which excludes accreted interest of \$1,921,094 results in an estimated legal debt margin of \$10,161,247 as of June 30, 2019.

#### Note 6. Retirement Fund Commitments

# **Teachers' Retirement System**

# **Plan Description**

The District participates in the Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Illinois (TRS or the System). TRS is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan that was created by the Illinois legislature for the benefit of Illinois public school teachers employed outside the city of Chicago. TRS members include all active nonannuitants who are employed by a TRS-covered employer to provide services for which teacher licensure is required. The Illinois Pension Code outlines the benefit provisions of TRS, and amendments to the plan can be made only by legislative action with the Governor's approval. The TRS Board of Trustees is responsible for the System's administration.

TRS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at <a href="https://www.trsil.org/financial/cafrs/FY2018">https://www.trsil.org/financial/cafrs/FY2018</a>; by writing to TRS at 2815 W. Washington, PO Box 19253, Springfield, IL 62794; or by calling (888) 678-3675, option 2.

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

#### Note 6. Retirement Fund Commitments (Continued)

#### **Benefits Provided**

TRS provides retirement, disability, and death benefits. Tier I members have TRS or reciprocal system service prior to January 1, 2011. Tier I members qualify for retirement benefits at age 62 with five years of service, at age 60 with 10 years, or age 55 with 20 years. The benefit is determined by the average of the four highest years of creditable earnings within the last 10 years of creditable service and the percentage of average salary to which the member is entitled. Most members retire under a formula that provides 2.2 percent of final average salary up to a maximum of 75 percent with 34 years of service. Disability and death benefits are also provided.

Tier II members qualify for retirement benefits at age 67 with 10 years of service, or a discounted annuity can be paid at age 62 with 10 years of service. Creditable earnings for retirement purposes are capped and the final average salary is based on the highest consecutive eight years of creditable service rather than the last four. Disability provisions for Tier II are identical to those of Tier I. Death benefits are payable under a formula that is different from Tier I.

Essentially all Tier I retirees receive an annual 3 percent increase in the current retirement benefit beginning January 1 following the attainment of age 61 or on January 1 following the member's first anniversary in retirement, whichever is later. Tier II annual increases will be the lesser of three percent of the original benefit or one-half percent of the rate of inflation beginning January 1 following attainment of age 67 or on January 1 following the member's first anniversary in retirement, whichever is later.

Public Act 100-0023, enacted in 2017, creates an optional Tier 3 hybrid retirement plan, but it has not yet gone into effect. The earliest possible implementation date is July 1, 2020. Public Act 100-0587, enacted in 2018, requires TRS to offer two temporary benefit buyout programs that expire on June 30, 2021. One program allows retiring Tier 1 members to receive a partial lump-sum payment in exchange for accepting a lower, delayed annual increase. The other allows inactive vested Tier 1 and 2 members to receive a partial lump-sum payment in lieu of a retirement annuity. Both programs will begin in 2019 and will be funded by bonds issued by the state of Illinois.

#### **Contributions**

The state of Illinois maintains the primary responsibility for funding TRS. The Illinois Pension Code, as amended by Public Act 88-0593 and subsequent acts, provides that for years 2010 through 2045, the minimum contribution to the System for each fiscal year shall be an amount determined to be sufficient to bring the total assets of the System up to 90 percent of the total actuarial liabilities of the System by the end of fiscal year 2045.

Contributions from active members and TRS contributing employers are also required by the Illinois Pension Code. The contribution rates are specified in the pension code. The active member contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2019, was 9.0 percent of creditable earnings. The member contribution, which may be paid on behalf of employees by the employer, is submitted to TRS by the employer.

On behalf contributions to TRS. The state of Illinois makes employer pension contributions on behalf of the employer. For the year ended June 30, 2019, state of Illinois contributions in the amount of \$2,560,843 were paid directly to TRS based on the state's proportionate share of the collective net pension liability associated with the employer.

**2.2 formula contributions.** Employers contribute 0.58 percent of total creditable earnings for the 2.2 formula change. The contribution rate is specified by statute. Contributions for the year ended June 30, 2019, were \$35,064.

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

#### Note 6. Retirement Fund Commitments (Continued)

**Federal and special trust fund contributions.** When TRS members are paid from federal and special trust funds administered by the employer, there is a statutory requirement for the employer to pay an employer pension contribution from those funds. Under Public Act 100-0340, the federal and special trust fund contribution rate is the total normal employer cost beginning with the year ended June 30, 2018.

Previously, employer contributions for employees paid from federal and special trust funds were at the same rate as the state contribution rate to TRS and were much higher.

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the employer pension contribution was 9.85 percent of salaries paid from federal and special trust funds. For the year ended June 30, 2019, salaries totaling \$142,798 were paid from federal and special trust funds that required employer contributions of \$14,066.

**Employer retirement cost contributions.** Under GASB Statement No. 68, contributions that an employer is required to pay because of a TRS member retiring are categorized as specific liability payments. The employer is required to make a one-time contribution to TRS for members granted salary increases over 6 percent if those salaries are used to calculate a retiree's final average salary. Additionally, beginning with the year ended June 30, 2019, employers will make a similar contribution for salary increases over 3 percent if members are not exempted by current collective bargaining agreements or contracts.

A one-time contribution is also required for members granted sick leave days in excess of the normal annual allotment if those days are used as TRS service credit. For the year ended June 30, 2019, the employer paid \$3,077 to TRS for employer contributions due on salary increases in excess of 6 percent, \$0 for salary increases over 3 percent and \$0 for sick leave days granted in excess of the normal annual allotment.

# Net Pension Liability, Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2018, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017, and rolled forward to June 30, 2018. The employer's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the employer's share of contributions to TRS for the measurement year ended June 30, 2018, relative to the contributions of all participating TRS employers and the state during that period.

Since the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources, and deferred inflows of resources related to the pension are not the result of cash transactions, the modified cash basis of accounting does not allow for these to be recorded on the government-wide financial statements.

The schedule of the employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability and the schedule of employer contributions are presented as other information following the notes to the financial statements.

#### Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund

## **Plan Description**

The District's defined benefit pension plan for regular employees provides retirement and disability benefits, post retirement increases, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. The district plan is managed by the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF), the administrator of a multi-employer public pension fund. A summary of IMRF's pension benefits is provided in the "Benefits Provided" section of this document. Details of all benefits are available from IMRF. Benefit provisions are established by statute and may only be changed by the General Assembly of the State of Illinois. IMRF issues a publicly available Comprehensive Annual Financial Report that includes financial statements, detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position, and required supplementary information. The report is available for download at <a href="https://www.imrf.org">www.imrf.org</a>.

#### Note 6. Retirement Fund Commitments (Continued)

#### **Benefits Provided**

The District participates in the Regular Plan (RP). Employees hired before January 1, 2011, are eligible for Tier 1 benefits. Tier 1 employees are vested for pension benefits when they have at least eight years of qualifying service credit. Tier 1 employees who retire at age 55 (at reduced benefits) or after age 60 (at full benefits) with eight years of service are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life, in an amount equal to 1-2/3 percent of the final rate of earnings for the first 15 years of service credit, plus 2 percent for each year of service credit after 15 years to a maximum of 75 percent of their final rate of earnings. Final rate of earnings is the highest total earnings during any consecutive 48 months within the last 10 years of service, divided by 48. Under Tier 1, the pension is increased by 3 percent of the original amount on January 1 every year after retirement.

Employees hired on or after January 1, 2011, are eligible for Tier 2 benefits. For Tier 2 employees, pension benefits vest after ten years of service. Participating employees who retire at age 62 (at reduced benefits) or after age 67 (at full benefits) with ten years of service are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life, in an amount equal to 1-2/3 percent of the final rate of earnings for the first 15 years of service credit, plus 2 percent for each year of service credit after 15 years to a maximum of 75 percent of their final rate of earnings. Final rate of earnings is the highest total earnings during any 96 consecutive months within the last 10 years of service, divided by 96. Under Tier 2, the pension is increased on January 1 every year after retirement, upon reaching age 67, by the lesser of 3 percent of the original pension amount, or 1/2 of the increase in the Consumer Price Index of the original pension amount.

#### **Employees Covered by Benefit Terms**

As of December 31, 2018, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

	IMRF
Retirees and Beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	216
Inactive Plan Members entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	92
Active Plan Members	45
	353

#### **Contributions**

As set by statute, the District's regular plan members are required to contribute 4.50 percent of their annual covered salary. The statutes require employers to contribute the amount necessary, in addition to member contributions, to finance the retirement coverage of its own employees. The District's required and actual contribution rates for the calendar years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018 were 6.80 percent and 10.13 percent, respectively. For fiscal year 2019, the District contributed \$138,116 to the plan. The District also contributes for disability benefits, death benefits, and supplemental retirement benefits, all of which are pooled at the IMRF level. Contribution rates for disability and death benefits are set by the IMRF Board of Trustees, while the supplemental retirement benefit rate is set by statute.

# Net Pension Liability, Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

The District's net pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2018. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. Since the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources, and deferred inflows of resources related to the pension are not the result of cash transactions, the modified cash basis of accounting does not allow for these to be recorded on the government-wide financial statements.

The schedule of changes in net pension liability and related ratios and the schedule of employer contributions are presented as other information following the notes to the financial statements.

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

#### Note 7. Post-Employment Healthcare Plan

**Teachers' Health Insurance Security Fund** 

#### **Plan Description**

The District participates in the Teachers' Health Insurance Security Fund (THIS) of the State of Illinois. THIS is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit postemployment healthcare plan (OPEB) that was established by the Illinois legislature for the benefit of eligible retired Illinois public school teachers employed outside the City of Chicago. All District employees receiving monthly benefits from the Teachers' Retirement System (TRS) who have at least eight years of creditable service with TRS, the survivor of an annuitant or benefit recipient who had at least eight years of creditable service or a recipient of a monthly disability benefit are eligible to enroll in THIS.

The State Employees Group Insurance Act of 1971 (5 ILCS 375) outlines the benefit provisions of the THIS Plan and amendments to the plan can be made only by legislative action with the Governor's approval. The plan is administered by the Illinois Department of Central Management Services. The publicly available financial report of the Plan may be found on the website of the Illinois Auditor General. The current reports are listed under "Central Management Services": <a href="http://www.auditor.illinois.gov/Audit-reports/CMS-THISF.asp">http://www.auditor.illinois.gov/Audit-reports/CMS-THISF.asp</a>.

#### **Benefits Provided**

THIS provides medical, prescription, and behavioral health benefits for eligible retirees and their dependents, but it does not provide vision, dental or life insurance benefits to annuitants of the TRS. Annuitants not enrolled in Medicare may participate in the state-administered participating provider option plan or choose from several managed care options. Annuitants who were enrolled in Medicare Parts A and B may be eligible to enroll in a Medicare Advantage plan. The premiums charged reflect approximately a 75 percent subsidy for members that elect a managed care plan or elect the Teachers' Choice Health Plan (TCHP) plan if a managed care plan is either not available or only partially available. Members receive approximately a 50 percent subsidy if they elect the TCHP when a managed care plan is available. Medicare primary dependent beneficiaries enrolled in a managed care plan or in the TCHP when no managed care plan is available receive a premium subsidy.

#### **Contributions**

The State Employees Group Insurance Act of 1971 (5 ILCS 375/6) specifies the contribution requirements of the participating school districts and covered employees. For the year ended June 30, 2019, required contributions are as follows:

- Active members contribute 1.24 percent of covered payroll.
- Employers contribute 0.92 percent of covered payroll. The percentage of employer required contributions in the future will not exceed 105 percent of the percentage of salary actually required to be paid in the previous fiscal year. For the year ended June 30, 2019, the District paid \$55,628 to the THIS Fund, which was 100 percent of the required contribution.
- The State of Illinois makes contributions on behalf of the employer. State contributions are intended to match contributions to the THIS Fund from active members. The State contributed 1.24 percent of covered payroll. For the year ended June 30, 2019, State of Illinois contributions on behalf of the District's employees were \$74,977.

Retired members contribute through premium payments based on the coverage elected, Medicare eligibility, and the age of the member and dependents. The premium for retired members is not permitted to increase by more than 5.0 percent per year by statute. The Federal Government provides a Medicare Part D subsidy.

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

#### Note 7. Post-Employment Healthcare Plan (Continued)

# OPEB Liabilities, Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources

The collective total OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2018, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the collective total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as June 30, 2017, and rolled forward to June 30, 2018. The employer's proportionate share of the total OPEB liability was based on the employer's share of contributions to THIS for the measurement year ended June 30, 2018, relative to the contributions of all participating employers and the State during that period.

Since the collective total OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources, and deferred inflows of resources related to the OPEB plan are not the result of cash transactions, the modified cash basis of accounting does not allow for these to be recorded on the government-wide financial statements.

The schedule of employer's proportionate share of the collective total OPEB liability and the schedule of employer contributions are presented as other information following the notes to the financial statements.

#### Note 8. Commitments and Contingencies

The District received financial awards from federal and state agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and is subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the District. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the District at June 30, 2019.

#### **Cook County Economic Incentives**

The Cook County Assessor's Office, in conjunction with municipalities located within Cook County and within the District's boundaries, encourage certain industrial and commercial development by offering real estate tax incentive programs (such as Class 6a, 6b, 7 and 8) for the development of new industrial facilities, the rehabilitation of existing industrial structures, and industrial utilization of abandoned buildings or areas experiencing severe stagnation. These programs offer qualified properties a reduced equalized assessed valuation for up to 12 years. The District estimates its portion of annual abatement of property taxes to various local companies under this development incentive approximates \$22,000.

#### Note 9. Risk Management

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction to assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters.

The District participates in the School Employees Loss Fund (SELF) for its workers' compensation coverages, the Suburban School Cooperative Insurance Pool (SSCIP) for its general liability and property, and South Suburban Benefit Cooperative (SSBC) for employee health coverage. SELF, SSCIP, and SSBC are organizations of school districts in Illinois which have formed an association under the Illinois Intergovernmental Cooperation's Statute to pool their risk management needs.

#### Note 9. Risk Management (Continued)

The cooperative agreements provide that SSCIP and SSBC will be self-sustaining through member premiums and will reinsure through commercial companies for claims in excess of \$1,000,000 per occurrence and \$3,000,000 in the aggregate for general liability and property, and \$100,000 per individual and \$6,900,000 in the aggregate for employee health. SELF purchases insurance through Commercial Companies for its workers' compensation coverage with member premiums. The District, along with other members of SELF, SSCIP, and SSBC had a contractual obligation to fund any premium deficiency of the pools attributable to a year during which it was a member. SELF, SSCIP, and SSBC could have assessed supplemental premiums to fund these premium deficiencies. In the past three years, the District has not made any supplemental premium payments to the pools.

Each District appoints one representative to each pool's Board of Directors. The District does not exercise any control over the activities of the pools beyond its representation on the Board of Directors.

#### Note 10. Other Financial Disclosures (FFS Only)

At June 30, 2019, the District had no interfund loans. Interfund loans represent operating loans that are expected to be repaid in fiscal year 2019.

Transfers during the year ended June 30, 2019 were as follows:

		Transfer In		Transfer Out
Major Governmental: General Fund:				
Educational Account Working Cash Account	\$	50,000 -	\$	- 25,000
Ç	\$	50,000	\$	25,000
Non-Major Fund: Special Revenue Fund:	•		•	40.000
Municipal Retirement / Social Security Fund Transportation Fund	\$	-	\$	10,000 15,000
·	\$	-	\$	25,000

Interfund transfers are to provide interest earned within the funds to provide additional funding for the Educational Fund.

#### Note 11. Pronouncements Issued But Not Yet Adopted

The following is a description of other GASB authoritative pronouncements which have been issued but not yet adopted by the District.

GASB Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*, will be effective for the District beginning with its year ended June 30, 2020. This statement provides guidance regarding the identification of fiduciary activities for accounting and financial reporting purposes and how those activities should be reported.

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

#### Note 11. Pronouncements Issued But Not Yet Adopted (Continued)

GASB Statement No. 87, *Leases*, will be effective for the District beginning with its year ended June 30, 2021. This statement improves accounting and financial reporting for leases by governments, by requiring recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. It establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. Under this statement, a lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources, thereby enhancing the relevance and consistency of information about governments' leasing activities.

GASB Statement No. 89, Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred before the End of a Construction Period, will be effective for the District beginning with its year ended June 30, 2021. This statement's objectives are (1) to enhance the relevance and comparability of information about capital assets and the cost of borrowing for a reporting period and (2) to simplify accounting for interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period.

GASB Statement No. 90, Majority Equity Interests—an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 61, will be effective for the District beginning with its year ended June 30, 2020. This statement's objectives are to improve the consistency and comparability of reporting a government's majority equity interest in a legally separate organization and to improve the relevance of financial statement information for certain component units. It defines a majority equity interest and specifies that a majority equity interest in a legally separate organization should be reported as an investment if a government's holding of the equity interest meets the definition of an investment. A majority equity interest that meets the definition of an investment should be measured using the equity method, unless it is held by a special-purpose government engaged only in fiduciary activities, a fiduciary fund, or an endowment (including permanent and term endowments) or permanent fund. Those governments and funds should measure the majority equity interest at fair value.

GASB Statement No. 91, Conduit Debt Obligations, will be effective for the District beginning with its year ending June 30, 2022. This Statement establishes a single method of reporting conduit debt obligations by issuers and eliminates diversity in practice. Under Statement 91 a government entity no longer reports a liability for any conduit debt that it has issued; however, the issuer should recognize a liability for any additional commitments or voluntary commitments to support the debt service.

District's management has not yet determined the effect, if any, these Statements will have on the District's financial statements and related disclosures.



# Schedule of Employer Contributions Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund

Calendar Year Ending December 31	De	Actuarially Determined Contribution		Actual Contribution		Contribution Deficiency (Excess)		Covered Valuation Payroll	Actual Contribution as a % of Covered Valuation Payroll
2018	\$	163,286	\$	163,286	\$	-	\$	1,611,907	10.13%
2017		146,176		178,345		(32,169)		1,503,864	11.86%
2016		147,984		147,983		1		1,459,407	10.14%
2015		137,810		137,810		-		1,383,636	9.96%
2014		129,406		135,588		(6,182)		1,255,122	10.80%

#### Note to schedule:

Detailed information and actuarial assumptions used in the preparation of this schedule are available at the District's administrative offices and at

https://www.imrf.org/en/employers/employer-resources/reports-for-employers

# Worth School District 127 Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund

Calendar Year Ended December 31,	2018 2017		2017		2016	
A. Tadalan analog Balante						
A. Total pension liability	•	455.045	Φ.	404 547	Φ.	457.500
1. Service cost	\$	155,845	\$	161,517	\$	157,566
2. Interest on the Total Pension Liability		502,656		510,521		473,809
Changes of benefit terms		-		-		-
4. Difference between expected and actual experience						
of the Total Pension Liability		69,549		(270,018)		120,536
5. Changes of assumptions		195,281		(189,357)		(8,283)
Benefit payments, including refunds						
of employee contributions		(319,114)		(310,286)		(218,813)
7. Net change in total pension liability		604,217		(97,623)		524,815
8. Total pension liability - beginning		6,783,709		6,881,332		6,356,517
9. Total pension liability - ending	\$	7,387,926	\$	6,783,709	\$	6,881,332
B. Plan fiduciary net position	_		_		_	
Contributions - employer	\$	163,286	\$	178,345	\$	147,983
Contributions - employee		72,644		67,674		65,702
3. Net investment income		(356,844)		1,049,149		394,329
Benefit payments, including refunds						
of employee contributions		(319,114)		(310,286)		(218,813)
5. Other (net transfer)		138,493		(195,563)		91,469
<ol><li>Net change in plan fiduciary net position</li></ol>		(301,535)		789,319		480,670
7. Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		6,999,013		6,209,694		5,729,024
8. Plan fiduciary net position - ending	\$	6,697,478	\$	6,999,013	\$	6,209,694
<b>6</b> N 4	•	000 440	•	(045.004)	•	074 000
C. Net pension liability	\$	690,448	\$	(215,304)	\$	671,638
D. Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage						
of total pension liability		90.65%		103.17%		90.24%
,						
E. Covered valuation payroll	\$	1,611,907	\$	1,503,864	\$	1,459,407
F. Net pension liability as a percentage						
of covered valuation payroll		42.83%		-14.32%		46.02%

#### Note to schedule:

Detailed information and actuarial assumptions used in the preparation of this schedule are available at the District's administrative offices and at

https://www.imrf.org/en/employers/employer-resources/reports-for-employers

2015	2014						
\$ 143,592 447,128 -	\$ 150,592 410,108 -						
(31,209) 7,797	(80,620) 228,172						
(201,403)	(220,913)						
365,905	487,339						
5,990,612	5,503,273						
\$ 6,356,517	\$ 5,990,612						
\$ 137,810 62,443	\$ 135,588 59,270						
29,237	336,752						
(201,403) (146,966)	(220,913) 3,648						
(118,879)	314,345						
 5,847,903	5,533,558						
\$ 5,729,024	\$ 5,847,903						
\$ 627,493	\$ 142,709						
90.13%	97.62%						
\$ 1,383,636	\$ 1,255,122						
45.35%	11.37%						

## Schedule of Employer Contributions Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Illinois

For the fiscal year ending	2019		2018	2017
Contractually-required contribution Contributions in relation to the contractually-required	\$	49,138 \$	54,853 \$	73,925
contribution		56,232	61,924	73,925
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	(7,094) \$	(7,071) \$	-
Employer's covered payroll Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	\$	6,046,590 \$ 0.93%	5,739,759 \$ 1.08%	5,848,499 1.26%

# Schedule of the Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Illinois

For the fiscal year ending	2019		2018			2017
Employer's proportion of the net pension liability Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	0.00080194% 625,072	\$	0.00155712% 1,189,608	\$	0.00216980% 1,712,752
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the employer Total	\$	42,820,034 43,445,106	\$	43,314,270 44,503,878	\$	45,236,526 46,949,278
Employer's covered-employee payroll	\$	5,739,759	\$	5.848.499	\$	5,698,736
Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	Ψ	13.21%	Ψ	13.14%	Ψ	12.14%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		40.00%		39.30%		36.40%

#### Note to schedule:

Detailed information and actuarial methods and assumptions used in the preparation of this schedule can be obtained at <a href="https://www.trsil.org/sites/default/files/documents/GASB2018.pdf">https://www.trsil.org/sites/default/files/documents/GASB2018.pdf</a>.

	2016		2015						
\$	92,775	\$	86,578						
Φ	102,559 (9,784)	\$	108,102 (21,524)						
Ψ	(9,704)	Ψ	(21,324)						
\$	5,698,736 1.80%	\$	5,433,366 1.99%						

2016		2015
\$ 0.00299972% \$ 1,965,119		0.00258213% 1,571,441
 35,185,152		33,598,232
\$ 37,150,271	\$	35,169,673
\$ 5,433,366	\$	5,445,960
14.63%		15.48%
41.47%		43.00%

### Schedule of Employer Contributions Teachers' Health Insurance Security Fund

For the fiscal year ending	2019			2018	
Contractually-required contribution Contributions in relation to the statutorily-required contribution Contribution (excess) deficiency	\$	130,606 130,585 21	\$	118,239 118,242 (3)	
Employer's employee covered payroll Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	\$	6,046,590 2.16%	\$	5,739,759 2.06%	

# Schedule of the Employer's Proportionate Share of the Collective Total OPEB Liability Teachers' Health Insurance Security Fund

For the fiscal year ending*	2019	2018
Employer's proportion of the collective total OPEB liability Employer's proportionate share of the collective total OPEB liability The portion of the State's proportionate share amount of the collective	\$ 0.024227% 6,382,882	\$ 0.025432% 6,599,522
total OPEB liability associated with the employer Total	\$ 8,570,867 14,953,749	\$ 8,666,874 15,266,396
Employee covered payroll Collective total OPEB liability as a percentage of the employee covered payroll	\$ 5,739,759 111.2%	\$ 5,848,499 112.8%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	0.0%	0.0%

<sup>\*</sup> The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the prior fiscal-year-end.

#### Note to schedule:

Detailed information and actuarial methods and assumptions used in the preparation of this schedule can be obtained at <a href="http://cgfa.ilga.org/">http://cgfa.ilga.org/</a>



# Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - Modified Cash Basis General Fund - Budgetary Basis Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Oı	riginal & Final Budget		Actual		Variance
Revenues:						
Property taxes	\$	9,054,641	\$	8,692,793	\$	(361,848)
Corporate property replacement taxes	Ψ	62,818	Ψ	73,131	Ψ	10,313
Charges for services		200,600		190,669		(9,931)
Unrestricted state aid		5,281,170		5,312,231		31,061
Restricted state aid		218,000		96,330		(121,670)
Restricted federal aid		1,167,152		994,527		(172,625)
Interest		178,000		383,051		205,051
Total revenues		16,162,381		15,742,732		(419,649)
Expenditures:						
Current:						
Instruction:						
Regular programs		5,618,575		4,977,667		640,908
Special programs		1,465,184		1,471,189		(6,005)
Other instructional programs		7,706		7,257		449
Support services:						
Pupils		587,519		567,811		19,708
Instructional staff		404,993		289,451		115,542
General administration		759,369		684,163		75,206
School administration		747,884		740,586		7,298
Business		1,276,584		1,186,524		90,060
Operations and maintenance		1,714,074		1,431,627		282,447
Other		100		-		100
Community services		19,313		25,077		(5,764)
Payments to other governments		1,063,427		1,026,346		37,081
Capital outlay		2,737,600		1,827,406		910,194
Provision for losses		500,000		-		500,000
Total expenditures	-	16,902,328		14,235,104		2,667,224
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over (under) expenditures		(739,947)		1,507,628		2,247,575
Other financing sources (uses):						
Transfers in		39,000		50,000		11,000
Transfers (out)		(20,000)		(25,000)		(5,000)
Total financing sources (uses)		19,000		25,000		6,000
Change in fund balance	_\$_	(720,947)	=	1,532,628	\$	2,253,575
Fund balance:						
July 1, 2018				12,709,349	-	
June 30, 2019			\$	14,241,977	=	

Major Governmental Funds Combining Balance Sheet - Modified Cash Basis General Fund, By Accounts June 30, 2019

			Operati	ons						
			and		Tort					
	Educa	tional	Maintena	ance	Immun	ity	Woı	rking		
	Acco	unt	Accou	nt	Accou	nt	Cash A	Account		Total
Assets										
Cash and investments	\$ 9,135	,960	\$ 3,165,6	82	\$ 280,99	92 5	1,66	68,632	\$ 14	,251,266
Liabilities and Fund Balance										
Other liabilities	\$ 9	,289	\$	-	\$	- 5	5	-	\$	9,289
Fund balance:										
Restricted		-	3,165,6	82	280,99	92		-	3	3,446,674
Unassigned	9,126	,671		-		-	1,66	68,632	10	,795,303
Total fund balance	9,126	,671	3,165,6	82	280,99	92	1,66	68,632	14	,241,977
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$ 9,135	5,960	\$ 3,165,6	882	\$ 280,99	92 9	1,66	68,632	\$ 14	,251,266

Major Governmental Funds Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Modified Cash Basis General Fund, By Accounts Year Ended June 30, 2019

	E	Educational Account		Operations and Maintenance Account		Tort Immunity Account	C	Working ash Account		Total
Revenues:										
Property taxes	\$	7,644,723	\$	840,971	\$	130,813	\$	76,286	\$	8,692,793
Corporate property replacement taxes	-	73,131	Ψ	040,371	Ψ	130,013	Ψ	70,200	Ψ	73,131
Charges for services		59,816		130,853		_		_		190,669
Unrestricted state aid		3,331,170		1,981,061		-		_		5,312,231
Restricted state aid		96,330		1,301,001		_		_		96,330
Restricted state and		994,527		_		-		_		994,527
Interest		277,443		- 55,291		- 7,170		- 43,147		383,051
Total revenues		12,477,140		3,008,176		137,983		119,433		15,742,732
Expenditures: Current:										
Instruction:										4 077 007
Regular programs		4,977,667		-		-		-		4,977,667
Special programs		1,471,189		-		-		-		1,471,189
Other instructional programs Support services:		7,257		-		-		-		7,257
Pupils		567,811		-		-		-		567,811
Instructional staff		289,451		-		-		-		289,451
General administration		569,961		-		114,202		-		684,163
School administration		740,586		-		-		-		740,586
Business		1,186,524		-		-		-		1,186,524
Operations and maintenance Other		-		1,431,627		-		-		1,431,627
Community services		25,077		_		_		_		25,077
Payments to other governments		1,026,346		_		_		_		1,026,346
Capital outlay		229,369		1,598,037		_		_		1,827,406
Total expenditures		11,091,238		3,029,664		114,202		-		14,235,104
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		1,385,902		(21,488)		23,781		119,433		1,507,628
Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in Transfers out		50,000 -		- -		- -		- (25,000)		50,000 (25,000)
Total other financing sources (uses)		50,000		-		-		(25,000)		25,000
Change in fund balance		1,435,902		(21,488)		23,781		94,433		1,532,628
Fund balance: July 1, 2018		7,690,769		3,187,170		257,211		1,574,199		12,709,349
June 30, 2019	\$	9,126,671	\$	3,165,682	\$	280,992	\$	1,668,632	\$	14,241,977

Worth School District 127 Major Governmental Funds Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Modified Cash Basis Budget and Actual

General Fund, By Accounts Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Educationa	Account	Operatio	ns and	Maintenance		Tort Immur	nity A	ccount		Working Ca	sh A	ccount		To	otal	
	Original & Final		Original &	Final		Ori	ginal & Final			Orig	inal & Final			Or	riginal & Final		
	Budget	Actual	Budge	t	Actual		Budget		Actual		Budget		Actual		Budget		Actual
Revenues:																	
Property taxes	\$ 7,968,103	\$ 7,644,723	\$ 832	714	\$ 840,971	\$	178,572	\$	130,813	\$	75,252	\$	76,286	\$	9,054,641	\$	8,692,793
Corporate property	Ψ 7,300,103	Ψ 1,044,125	ψ 002	, , , ,	Ψ 040,571	Ψ	170,072	Ψ	100,010	Ψ	10,202	Ψ	70,200	Ψ	3,034,041	Ψ	0,032,733
replacement taxes	62,818	73,131		_	_		_		_		_		_		62,818		73,131
Charges for services	69,600	59,816	131	000	130,853		_		_		_		_		200,600		190,669
Unrestricted state aid	3,331,170	3,331,170	1,950		1,981,061		_		_		_		_		5,281,170		5,312,231
Restricted state aid	218,000	96,330	1,950	000	1,901,001		-		-		-		_		218,000		96,330
Restricted state aid	1,167,152	994,527		_	_		_		_		_		_		1,167,152		994,527
Interest	125,000	277,443	20	000	55,291		3,000		7,170		20,000		43,147		178,000		383,051
Total revenues	12,941,843	12,477,140	2,943		3,008,176		181,572		137,983		95,252		119,433		16,162,381		15,742,732
Total revenues	12,941,043	12,477,140	2,943	7 14	3,006,176		101,372		137,903		95,252		119,433		10, 102,361		15,742,732
Expenditures:																	
Current:																	
Instruction:																	
Regular programs	5,618,575	4,977,667		-	-		-		-		-		-		5,618,575		4,977,667
Special programs	1,465,184	1,471,189		-	_		-		_		-		-		1,465,184		1,471,189
Other instructional programs	7,706	7,257		-	_		-		-		_		-		7,706		7,257
Support services:																	
Pupils	587,519	567,811		-	_		-		-		-		-		587,519		567,811
Instructional staff	404,993	289,451		_	_		_		_		_		_		404,993		289,451
General administration	643,369	569,961		-	_		116,000		114,202		_		-		759,369		684,163
School administration	747,884	740,586		_	_		· -		· -		_		_		747,884		740,586
Business	1,276,584	1,186,524		_	_		_		_		_		_		1,276,584		1,186,524
Operations and maintenance	, ., <u>-</u>	_	1,714	074	1,431,627		_		_		_		_		1,714,074		1,431,627
Other	100	_	.,	_	-, .0 .,02.		_		_		_		_		100		-, .0 .,02.
		25,077															25,077
Community Services	19,313			-	-		-		-		-		-		19,313		
Payments to other governments	1,063,427	1,026,346	0.400	-	-		-		-		-		-		1,063,427		1,026,346
Capital outlay	637,600	229,369	2,100	000	1,598,037		-		-		-		-		2,737,600		1,827,406
Provision for losses	500,000	-		-	-		-		-		-		-		500,000		-
Total expenditures	12,972,254	11,091,238	3,814	074	3,029,664		116,000		114,202		-		-		16,902,328		14,235,104
Excess (deficiency) of revenues																	
over (under) expenditures	(30,411)	1,385,902	(870	360)	(21,488)		65,572		23,781		95,252		119,433		(739,947)		1,507,628
Other financing sources (uses):																	
Transfers in	20.000	E0 000													39,000		50,000
	39,000	50,000		-	-		-		-		(20,000)		(25,000)		,		(25,000)
Transfers (out)	39,000	50,000		-							(20,000)		(25,000)		(20,000) 19,000		25,000)
Total other financing sources (uses)	39,000	50,000		-			-		-		(20,000)		(25,000)		19,000		25,000
Change in fund balance	8,589	1,435,902	(870	360)	(21,488)		65,572	_	23,781		75,252	=	94,433	_	(720,947)	=	1,532,628
Fund balance:																	
July 1, 2018		7,690,769	_	_	3,187,170	_			257,211	_			1,574,199	_			12,709,349
June 30, 2019		\$ 9,126,671			\$ 3,165,682			\$	280,992			\$	1,668,632			\$	14,241,977
,			=	=	, ,	=			/	=		=		=			

# Nonmajor Governmental Funds Combining Balance Sheet - By Fund Type - Modified Cash Basis June 30, 2019

		Spe	cial				Ca	pital Project		
		Revenue	Fund	ds	_			Fund	_	Total
	<u> </u>	Municipal				Debt	Fire	e Prevention		Nonmajor
	Retir	ement/Social	Tra	ansportation		Service and Life		and Life	Governmenta	
	Se	curity Fund		Fund		Fund	Safety Fund			Funds
Assets										
Cash and investments	\$	783,124	\$	624,043	\$	184	\$	844,261	\$	2,251,612
Liabilities and Fund Balances										
Liabilities	\$	-	\$	-	\$		\$		\$	-
Fund balances:										
Restricted		783,124		624,043		184		844,261		2,251,612
Total liabilities										
and fund balances	\$	783,124	\$	624,043	\$	184	\$	844,261	\$	2,251,612

**Worth School District 127** 

## Nonmajor Governmental Funds Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances -Modified Cash Basis - By Fund Type Year Ended June 30, 2019

		Reven	ecial ue Fu	nd	_		pital Project Fund	_	Total
	Retire	funicipal ement/Social curity Fund	Tra	ansportation Fund		Debt Service Fund	e Prevention and Life afety Fund	G	Nonmajor Governmental Funds
Revenues:									
Property taxes	\$	190,678	\$	274,056	\$	695,659	\$ 153,015	\$	1,313,408
Restricted state aid		-		217,386		-	-		217,386
Corporate property									
replacement taxes		1,099		-		-	-		1,099
Interest		24,197		18,482		1,099	20,188		63,966
Total revenues		215,974		509,924		696,758	173,203		1,595,859
Expenditures:									
Instruction:									
Regular programs		63,486		-		-	-		63,486
Special programs		64,594		-		-	-		64,594
Other instructional programs		23		-		-	-		23
Support services:									
Pupils		20,136		-		-	-		20,136
Instructional staff		2,557		-		-	-		2,557
General administration		15,943		-		-	-		15,943
School administration		31,788		-		-	-		31,788
Business		43,829		-		-	-		43,829
Operations and maintenance		80,899		-		-	15,750		96,649
Transportation		-		321,736		-	-		321,736
Central		20,688		-		-	-		20,688
Community services		298		-		-	-		298
Debt Service:									
Principal		-		-		319,018	-		319,018
Interest and charges		-		-		381,782	-		381,782
Total expenditures		344,241		321,736		700,800	15,750		1,382,527
Excess (deficiency) of revenues									
over (under) expenditures		(128,267)		188,188		(4,042)	157,453		213,332
Other financing (uses):									
Transfers out		(10,000)		(15,000)		_	-		(25,000)
				, , ,					, , , ,
Change in fund balances		(138,267)		173,188		(4,042)	157,453		188,332
Fund balances:									
July 1, 2018		921,391		450,855		4,226	686,808		2,063,280
June 30, 2019	\$	783,124	\$	624,043	\$	184	\$ 844,261	\$	2,251,612

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - Modified Cash Basis
Municipal Retirement/Social Security Fund
Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Ori	ginal & Final				
		Budget		Actual		Variance
Revenues:	_		_			<b>(</b> )
Property taxes	\$	199,650	\$	190,678	\$	(8,972)
Corporate property replacement taxes		1,000		1,099		99
Interest		14,000		24,197		10,197
Total revenues		214,650		215,974		1,324
Expenditures:						
Current:						
Instruction:						
Regular programs		68,765		63,486		5,279
Special programs		68,151		64,594		3,557
Other instructional programs		-		23		(23)
Support services:						
Pupils		27,728		20,136		7,592
Instructional staff		2,883		2,557		326
General administration		15,171		15,943		(772)
School administration		34,047		31,788		2,259
Business		44,227		43,829		398
Operations and maintenance		88,049		80,899		7,150
Central		21,131		20,688		443
Community services		244		298		(54)
Total expenditures		370,396		344,241		26,155
Deficiency of revenues under expenditures		(155,746)		(128,267)		27,479
Other financing (uses):						
Transfers out		(8,000)		(10,000)		(2,000)
Change in fund balance	\$	(163,746)	=	(138,267)	\$	25,479
Fund balance:						
July 1, 2018				921,391		
· , , 20.0				321,001	-	
June 30, 2019			\$	783,124	=	

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - Modified Cash Basis Transportation Fund Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Oriç	jinal & Final Budget	Actual		Variance
Revenues:					
Property taxes	\$	311,066	\$ 274,056	\$	(37,010)
Restricted state aid		175,000	217,386		42,386
Interest		10,000	18,482		8,482
Total revenues		496,066	509,924		13,858
Expenditures:					
Current:					
Support services,					
Transportation		365,000	321,736		43,264
Excess of revenues over expenditures		131,066	188,188		57,122
Other financing (uses):					
Transfers out		(10,000)	(15,000)		(5,000)
Change in fund balance	_\$	121,066	173,188	\$	52,122
Fund balance:					
July 1, 2018			450,855		
•		-	•	-	
June 30, 2019		=	\$ 624,043	=	

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - Modified Cash Basis
Debt Service Fund
Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Ori	ginal & Final Budget		Actual		Variance
Revenues:						
Property taxes	\$	739,283	\$	695,659	\$	(43,624)
Interest	,	1,000	,	1,099	•	99
Total revenues		740,283		696,758		(43,525)
Expenditures:						
Debt service:						
Principal		319,018		319,018		-
Interest and charges		381,782		381,782		-
Total expenditures		700,800		700,800		-
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		39,483		(4,042)		(43,525)
Other financing (uses):						
Transfers out		(1,000)		-		1,000
Change in fund balance	\$	38,483	=	(4,042)	\$	(42,525)
Fund balance:						
July 1, 2018				4,226	_	
June 30, 2019			\$	184	_	

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - Modified Cash Basis Fire Prevention and Life Safety Fund Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Ori	ginal & Final				
_		Budget	1,989 \$ 153,015 8,000 20,188 9,989 173,203 - 15,750		Variance	
Revenues:						
Property taxes	\$	151,989	\$	153,015	\$	1,026
Interest		8,000		20,188		12,188
Total revenues		159,989		173,203		13,214
Expenditures:						
Operations and maintenance		-		15,750		(15,750)
Total expenditures		-		15,750		(15,750)
Change in fund balance	_\$	159,989	=	157,453	\$	(2,536)
Fund balance:						
July 1, 2018				686,808	_	
June 30, 2019			\$	844,261	_	

Worth School District 127

Schedule of Assessed Valuations, Tax Rates, Extensions and Collections
Last Five Years

						Tax Year				
		2018		2017		2016		2015		2014
Assessed Valuations	\$	170,244,692	\$	176,548,611	\$	150,600,941	\$	145,056,425	\$	149,134,270
Tax Rates:										
General Fund:										
Educational Accounts:										
Standard		4.3277		4.1480		3.3711		3.5000		3.5000
Special Education		0.4000		0.3425		0.3853		0.4000		0.4000
Operations and Main-				313.23						
tenance Accounts:										
Standard		0.5500		0.4709		0.5298		0.5500		0.5500
Tort Immunity		0.0605		0.1021		0.1368		0.0888		0.1036
Working Cash Fund		0.0500		0.0428		0.0482		0.0500		0.0500
Transportation Fund		0.2269		0.1896		1.5028		1.5137		1.2286
Municipal Retirement Fund:		0.2200		0.1000		1.0020		1.0101		1.2200
Illinois Municipal										
Retirement Fund		0.0605		0.0583		0.1026		0.1243		0.1381
Social Security		0.0605		0.0583		0.1197		0.1598		0.1381
Bond and Interest Fund		0.4317		0.4163		0.4880		0.5067		0.4928
Fire Prevention and		0.1011		0.1100		0.1000		0.0001		0.1020
Life Safety Fund		0.1000		0.0856		0.0963		0.1000		0.1000
Elic Galety Falla		0.1000		0.0000		0.0000		0.1000		0.1000
Total		6.2678		5.9145		6.7806		6.9932		6.7013
Extended Tax Rate		6.268		5.914		6.781		6.993		6.701
Tax Extensions:										
General Fund:										
Educational Accounts:	_		_		_		_		_	
Standard	\$	7,367,711	\$	7,323,151	\$	5,076,975	\$	5,076,975	\$	5,219,699
Special Education		680,979		604,648		580,226		580,226		596,537
Operations and Main-										
tenance Accounts:										
Standard		936,346		831,391		797,810		797,810		820,238
Tort Immunity		103,000		180,250		206,000		128,750		154,500
Working Cash Fund		85,122		75,581		72,528		72,528		74,567
Transportation Fund		386,250		334,750		2,263,228		2,195,704		1,832,311
Municipal Retirement Fund:										
Illinois Municipal										
Retirement Fund		103,000		103,000		154,500		180,250		206,000
Social Security		103,000		103,000		180,250		231,750		206,000
Bond and Interest Fund		735,000		735,000		735,000		735,000		735,000
Fire Prevention and										
Life Safety Fund		170,245		151,162		145,056		145,056		149,134
Totals	\$	10,670,653	\$	10,441,933	\$	10,211,573	\$	10,144,049	\$	9,993,986
Taxes collected	\$	5,380,100	\$	10,225,425	\$	9,784,674	\$	9,648,205	\$	9,740,808
Percentage collected		50.42%		97.93%	1	95.82%		95.11%		97.47%

Worth School District 127
Schedule of Debt Service Requirements

June 30, 2019				
	Year			Total
	Ending	Total	Total	Principal
	June 30,	Principal	Interest	and Interest
Total outstanding debt	2020	\$ 307,268	\$ 392,732	\$ 700,000
Total outstanding door	2021	295,467	404,533	700,000
	2022	276,136	423,864	700,000
	2023	258,152	441,848	700,000
	2024	241,058	458,942	700,000
	2025	207,556	437,444	645,000
		1,585,637	2,559,363	4,145,000
Accumulated Accretion		1,921,094	(1,921,094)	-
		\$ 3,506,731	\$ 638,269	\$ 4,145,000
Capital Appreciation Bond Issue of November 24, 2004 Original Amount \$499,996 Interest payable semi annually at interest rate of 9.00% Paying Agent: Cole Taylor Bank Accumulated Accretion	2020	\$ 180,978 227,821 \$ 408,799	\$ 239,022 (227,821) \$ 11,201	\$ 420,000 - \$ 420,000
		\$ 408,799	φ 11,201	φ 420,000
Capital Appreciation Bond Issue of August 31, 2005 Original Amount \$1,528,144 Interest payable semi annually at interest rate of 5.67% to 5.98% Paying Agent: Cole Taylor Bank	2020 2021 2022 2023 2024 2025	\$ 126,290 295,467 276,136 258,152 241,058 207,556	\$ 153,710 404,533 423,864 441,848 458,942 437,444	\$ 280,000 700,000 700,000 700,000 700,000 645,000
	-	1,404,659	2,320,341	3,725,000
Accumulated Accretion		1,693,273	(1,693,273)	-
		\$ 3,097,932	\$ 627,068	\$ 3,725,000